Name of category as listed in the rule	PART A	GF	NERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
completed in response to the Federal Register Notice of	1.01 T	his	Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
Register, list the CAS No	c		
Register, list the CAS No	 [_] a	1.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
either (1) the chemical name, (11) the manager (11) the the chemical substance as provided in the Federal Register. (i) Chemical name as listed in the rule			Register, list the CAS No $[0]216141711-[6]21-[5]$
(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule	t	b.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the Federal Register, list
(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule			(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule N/A
c. If a chemical category is provided in the Federal Register, report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule			(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule N/A
the category as listed in the rule, the category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule CAS No. of chemical substance N/A CAS No. of chemical substance N/A 1.02 Identify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s). CBI Hanufacturer Processor X/P manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor SEPA-OTS		•	(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule N/A
CAS No. of chemical substance		c.	the category as listed in the rule, the chemical satisfance one the
Name of chemical substance 1.02 Identify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s). CBI Manufacturer Processor X/P manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor EPA-OTS			Name of category as listed in the lute
Name of chemical substance 1.02 Identify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s). CBI Manufacturer Processor X/P manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor EPA-OTS			
Temporter Processor X/P manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor EPA-OTS ■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■			Name of chemical substance N/A
Processor X/P manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor EPA-OTS	1.02	Ide	entify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s).
Processor X/P manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor EPA-OTS ODD6224787			
X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor EPA-OTS OD0622478T	[_]	Imp	oorter
X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor EPA-OTS OD0622478T		Pro	ocessor
X/P processor reporting for customer who is a processor EPA-OTS OD06224787		X/I	manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor
₩₩₩₩₩₩₩ 000622478T		X/1	processor reporting for customer who is a processor
			© EPA-OTS
90-890000511			
			90-890000011

1.03	Does the substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation associated with it
CBI	in the above-listed <u>Federal Register</u> Notice?
	Yes
·1	No
1.04 CBI	a. Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the Federal Register Notice? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
	b. Check the appropriate box below:
	[_] You have chosen to notify your customers of their reporting obligations
	Provide the trade name(s)
·	[_] You have chosen to report for your customers [_] You have submitted the trade name(s) to EPA one day after the effective date of the rule in the Federal Register Notice under which you are reporting.
1.05	If you buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of your reporting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name.
	Trade name Mondur TD-80, Mondur HR
·,	Is the trade name product a mixture? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
(No)
1.06	Certification The person who is responsible for the completion of this form must sign the certification statement below:
	"I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all information entered on this form is complete and accurate."
	Peter W. Kesler NAME SIGNATURE DATE SIGNED
	Plant Manager (419) 647 - 4108 TITLE TELEPHONE NO.
()	Hark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.07 <u>CBI</u> []	Exemptions From Reporting — If with the required information on within the past 3 years, and this for the time period specified in are required to complete section now required but not previously submissions along with your Sect	a CAIR Reporting Forms information is curre the rule, then sign to the sign to the submitted. Provide a fon 1 submission.	i for the listent, accurate, he certification provide any copy of any property of the copy	ed substance and complete ion below. You information revious
	"I hereby certify that, to the binformation which I have not inc to EPA within the past 3 years a period specified in the rule."	luded in this CAIR Rep	orting Form. Na	as been submitted
	NA		-	
	NAME	SIGNATUR	E	DATE SIGNED
		() -		
	TITLE	TELEPHONE N	10.	DATE OF PREVIOUS SUBMISSION
				000112002011
	certify that the following state those confidentiality claims whi	ch you have asserted.	ccuratery app.	ty to all of
	"My company has taken measures to and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable be using legitimate means (other the a judicial or quasi-judicial pro information is not publicly availy would cause substantial harm to	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) vithout my co lable elsewhere; and d	mation is not, than governme a showing of sompany's consentisclosure of	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in nt; the
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other the a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly availy would cause substantial harm to	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) vithout my co lable elsewhere; and d	mation is not, than governme a showing of sompany's consentisclosure of	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in nt; the
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable b using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial pro- information is not publicly avai	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) vithout my co lable elsewhere; and d	than governme a showing of some includes the source of the	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in nt; the
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable busing legitimate means (other that judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avaitable vould cause substantial harm to	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my colable elsewhere; and day company's competiti	than governme a showing of some includes the source of the	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable busing legitimate means (other that judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avaitable vould cause substantial harm to	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my colable elsewhere; and day company's competiti	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information
	and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable by using legitimate means (other that a judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly avai would cause substantial harm to NA NAME	se measures; the infor y other persons (other an discovery based on ceeding) without my co lable elsewhere; and d my company's competiti SIGNATU	mation is not than governme a showing of some consensition."	, and has not ent bodies) by special need in it; the the information

PART	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification
CBI	Name [F]L]E]X]I]B]L]E]_]F]O]A]M]_]P]R]O]D]U]C]T]S]_]I]N]C
	Address [B]A]I]L]E]Y]]R]O]A]D]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	(SPENCERVILLESCITY
	[O]H] [4]5]8]8]7][]]]] State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	EPA ID NumberOHD [0]6]3]7]1]4]1]7]4]
	Employer ID Number
	Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code
	Other SIC Code
	Other SIC Code
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name (F L E X B L E F O A M P R O D U C T S L N C.
[_]	Address [1]1]0]
	(C)H)A)T]T]AlNlolololalal-l-l-l-l-l-l-l-l-l-l-l-l-l-l-
	$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{T} \\ \overline{N} \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} \overline{3} \\ \overline{7} \end{bmatrix} \overline{4} \overline{1} \underline{0} \end{bmatrix} \overline{1} \overline{1} - \{ \overline{1} \end{bmatrix} \overline{1} \overline{1}$
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	Employer ID Number
	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.11	Parent Company Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name [O]H]I]O] D]E]C]O]R]A]T]I]V]E]]P]R]O]D]U]C]T]S]
[_]	Address [2]2]0]]S.]]E]L]I]Z]A]B]E]T]H]]S]T]R]E]E]T]]
	(S)P)ENCIERVILLECTO
	$ \begin{bmatrix} \hline{0} \\ \hline{H} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hline{4} \\ \hline{5} \\ \hline{8} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hline{7} \\ \hline{-1} \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix} $ State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
1.12	Technical Contact
CBI	Name [P]E]T]E]R]]W].]]K]E]S]L]E]R]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Title (PLANTIMANA) AGER LR' I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
•	Address [B]A]I][E]Y][R]O]A]D][]J[J]J[J]J[J]J[J]J[J]J[J]J[J]J[J]J[J
	(SPENCIERVILLE
	City
	[O] H] [4]5]8]8]7][]]] State Zip
	Telephone Number
1.13	This reporting year is from
	Hark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.14	Facility Acquired If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the seller: $$\operatorname{N\!A}$$
<u>CBI</u>	Name of Seller [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	(_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1
	[_]_] [_]_]_[_][_]_] State
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Sale
	Contact Person []]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	Telephone Number
1.15	Facility Sold If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the buyer: $$_{\mbox{\scriptsize NA}}$$
<u>CBI</u>	Name of Buyer []]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	(_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1
	[
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Purchase
	Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Telephone Number
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Imported	Classification	uantity (
Processed (include quantity repackaged) 1,297,24 Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity: In storage at the beginning of the reporting year N/A For on-site use or processing N/A For direct commercial distribution (including export) N/A In storage at the end of the reporting year N/A Of that quantity processed, report that quantity: In storage at the beginning of the reporting year UK Processed as a reactant (chemical producer) N/A Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer) N/A Processed as an article component (article producer) 1,297,24 Repackaged (including export) N/A	Nanufactured	N/A
Processed (include quantity repackaged) 1,297,24 Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity: In storage at the beginning of the reporting year N/A For on-site use or processing N/A For direct commercial distribution (including export) N/A In storage at the end of the reporting year N/A Of that quantity processed, report that quantity: In storage at the beginning of the reporting year UK Processed as a reactant (chemical producer) N/A Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer) N/A Processed as an article component (article producer) 1,297,24 Repackaged (including export) N/A	Imported	N/A
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	Processed (include quantity repackaged)	1,297,24
For on-site use or processing	Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity:	
For direct commercial distribution (including export) N/A In storage at the end of the reporting year N/A Of that quantity processed, report that quantity: In storage at the beginning of the reporting year UK Processed as a reactant (chemical producer) N/A Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer) N/A Processed as an article component (article producer) 1,297,24 Repackaged (including export) N/A	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	N/A
In storage at the end of the reporting year	For on-site use or processing	N/A
Of that quantity processed, report that quantity: In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	For direct commercial distribution (including export)	N/A
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	In storage at the end of the reporting year	N/A
Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	Of that quantity processed, report that quantity:	
Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	UK
Processed as an article component (article producer)	Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	N/A
Repackaged (including export)	Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	N/A
***************************************	Processed as an article component (article producer)	1,297,24
In storage at the end of the reporting year	Repackaged (including export)	N/A
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	UK
	\mathcal{L}^{\bullet}	
	·	

Average % Composition by Weigh Component Supplier (specify precision)	.17 B <u>I</u>	Mixture If the listed substor a component of a mixture, perchanical. (If the mixture component chemical for all	provide the following into position is variable, re	ormation for each component
Unknown 5-15 %				Average % Composition by Weight (specify precision, e.g., 45% ± 0.5%)
Unknown 5-15 %		Toluene Diisocyanate	Mobay Corporation	*85-95 %
Total 100X				5-15 %
Total 100%				
Total 100X				
Total 100X				
				Total 1009
			·	1002
		•		
		•		
			·	
			•	•
·		•	· •	

2.04	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility man or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the redescending order.	eporting year in
CBI		
[_]	Year ending	[<u>ō</u>] <u>6</u>] [<u>8</u>] <u>7</u> Ho. Year
•	Quantity manufactured	NA
	Quantity imported	NA:
	Quantity processed	1,256,445
	Year ending	[0]6] [8]6 No. Year
	Quantity manufactured	NA
	Quantity imported	NA
	Quantity processed	1,067,829
	Year ending	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Quantity manufactured	NA I
	Quantity imported	NA ·
	Quantity processed	UK I
2.05 CBI	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance appropriate process types.	e. Circle all
[_]	Continuous processN/A	
	Semicontinuous process	
	Batch process	
	•	

2.06					,
CBI	Specify the manner in appropriate process ty	which you processed types.	he listed substance.	Circle all	
[_]		•			
	Continuous process			•	•••••
	Semicontinuous process	5		•••••••	(
	Batch process		•••••••	•••••••	(3
2.07 CBI	State your facility's substance. (If you are question.)	name-plate capacity free a batch manufacture	or manufacturing or per or batch processor,	rocessing the l do not answer	isted this
[_]		·		•	
·	Manufacturing capacity	<i>,</i>		N/A	kg/yr
	Processing capacity			U.K.	kg/yr
2.08 CBI	If you intend to incremanufactured, imported year, estimate the incovolume.	i, or processed at any	time after your curr	ent corporate f	iscal ion
[_]	•	Manufacturing Quantity (kg)	Importing Quantity (kg)	Processin Quantity (
	Amount of increase				
	Amount of increase Amount of decrease	Quantity (kg)	Quantity (kg)	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (
	•	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (kg) N.A.	Quantity (

2.09	For the three largest volume manufacturing or processing pro listed substance, specify the number of days you manufacture substance during the reporting year. Also specify the avera day each process type was operated. (If only one or two ope list those.)	d or processe ge number of l	d the listed hours per
CBI [_]		Days/Year	Average Hours/Day
-	Process Type #1 (The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)	:	
	Manufactured	• <u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
	Processed	• 263	2
	Process Type #2 (The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
	Manufactured	• NA	NA
	Processed	•	24
	Process Type #3 (The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		*
	Manufactured	• <u>NA</u>	NA
	Processed	. NA	NA NA
2.10 <u>CBI</u> []	State the maximum daily inventory and average monthly invent substance that was stored on-site during the reporting year chemical. Maximum daily inventory	ory of the list in the form of	E a bulk A. kg
	Average monthly inventory	<u>N.</u>	A. kg
[]	Hark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		

etc.).				Source of
CAS No.	Chemical Name	Byproduct, Coproduct or Impurity ¹	Concentration (%) (specify ± % precision)	products, products, Impuritie
NA				
Children March 1				
•				
	-			
B = Byproduct	wing codes to designa	te byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
		te byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
B = Byproduct C = Coproduct		te byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
B = Byproduct C = Coproduct		te byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
B = Byproduct C = Coproduct		te byproduct, copro		
B = Byproduct C = Coproduct I = Impurity		•		
B = Byproduct C = Coproduct I = Impurity		•		
B = Byproduct C = Coproduct I = Impurity		•		
B = Byproduct C = Coproduct I = Impurity		•		

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u>CBI</u>	Existing Product Types List all eximported, or processed using the list the quantity of listed substance you total volume of listed substance used quantity of listed substance used captlisted under column b., and the types the instructions for further explanations	ed substa use for during tively of of end-	ance during the re each product type t the reporting year n-site as a percen users for each pro-	porting year. List as a percentage of th . Also list the tage of the value
	a. b. % of Quanti Manufacture Imported, Product Types Processed	ed, or	% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	d. Type of End-Users ²
•	B 100		100	
		L = M = N = O = O = N = O = N = O = N = O = N = O = N = O = O	Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Color Photographic/Repr and additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel add Explosive chemical Fragrance/Flavor Pollution control Functional fluids Metal alloy and a Rheological modification (specify) of end-users:	/Plating chemicals litives lls and additives chemicals chemicals and additives dditives ier

types o		each product type.	the value listed under the instruction (Refer to the instru				
	a.	b.	c.	đ.			
Pro	oduct Types ¹	% of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed	% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Us			
	В	100	100	3 1			
	·						
	·						
				•			
				:			
¹Use th	¹ Use the following codes to designate product types:						
A = So			L = Moldable/Castabl	e/Rubber and addi			
	nthetic reactan		M = Plasticizer				
	ıtalyst/Initiator ensitizer	r/Accelerator/	N = Dye/Pigment/Colo				
	msitizei hibitor/Stabili:	zer/Scavenger/	<pre>0 = Photographic/Rep and additives</pre>	rographic chemica			
	tioxidant	ser, ocavenger,	P = Electrodepositio	n/Plating chemica			
	alytical reagent	t	Q = Fuel and fuel ad				
	elator/Coagulant		R = Explosive chemic				
	eanser/Detergen		S = Fragrance/Flavor				
		n modifier/Antiwear					
	gent Irfactant/Emulsi	fion	U = Functional fluid				
	ame retardant	rier	V = Metal alloy and				
		nesive and additives	<pre>W = Rheological modifier s X = Other (specify)</pre>				
. Use th	² Use the following codes to designate the type of end-users:						
I = I	industrial	CS = Cons	umer				
	Commercial	** *	er (specify)				

a.	b.	c. Average % Composition of	d.
Product Type ¹	Final Product's Physical Form	Listed Substance in Final Product	Type of End-Users
N.A.			
	•		•
	<u> </u>		
1			
A = Solvent	codes to designate pro	L = Moldable/Castabl	Le/Rubber and add
B = Synthetic reac	tant	M = Plasticizer	• :
C = Catalyst/Initi	ator/Accelerator/	N = Dye/Pigment/Colo	orant/Ink and add
Sensitizer		0 = Photographic/Rep and additives	prographic chemic
D = Inhibitor/Stab	ilizer/Scavenger/	P = Electrodeposition	n/Plating chemis
Antioxidant E = Analytical rea	~ant	0 = Fuel and fuel a	iditives
F = Chelator/Coagu	lant/Sequestrant	R = Explosive chemic	cals and additive
G = Cleanser/Deter		S = Fragrance/Flavor	r chemicals
H = Lubricant/Fric	tion modifier/Antiwea	r T = Pollution contro	
agent	•	<pre>U = Functional fluid</pre>	
I = Surfactant/Emu		V = Metal alloy and	
J = Flame retardan	t	W = Rheological mod	irier
		es X = Other (specify)	
_		e final product's phys:	ical form:
A = Gas	F2 = Gr	ystalline solid	
B = Liquid C = Aqueous soluti		her solid	
D = Paste	G = Ge		
E = Slurry	H = Ot	her (specify)	
F1 = Powder			
³ Use the following	codes to designate th	e type of end-users:	
I = Industrial	CS = Co	nsumer	
CM = Commercial		her (specify)	

2.15 CBI	list	le all applicable modes of transportation used to delive ed substance to off-site customers.	•								
[_]		k		`							
	Rail	Railcar									
	Barge, Vessel										
	Pipe	line	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••							
	Plane	e	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	:							
	Other	r (specify) <u>NA</u>	•••••	••••							
2.16 CBI	or p	omer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance repared by your customers during the reporting year for and use listed (i-iv).									
	Cate	gory of End Use									
	i.	Industrial Products									
		Chemical or mixture	NA	kg/yı							
		Article	NA	kg/yı							
	ii.	Commercial Products									
		Chemical or mixture	NA	kg/yı							
		Article	NA	– kg/yı							
	iii.	Consumer Products									
		Chemical or mixture	NA	kg/yı							
		Article	NA	_ kg/yı							
	iv.	Other -									
		Distribution (excluding export)	NA	kg/yı							
		Export		kg/yı							
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant		kg/yı							
		•		_							
		Unknown customer uses	NA	_ kg/.yı							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			 							

SECTION 3 PROCESSOR RAY MATERIAL IDENTIFICAT	SECTION 3	PROCESSOR	RAV MATERIAL	IDENTIFICATIO	N
--	-----------	-----------	--------------	---------------	---

3.01 CBI	Specify the quantity purchased and the average price for each major source of supply listed. Product tra The average price is the market value of the product substance.	des are treated	as purchases.
	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Ayerage Price (\$/kg)
•	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.	NA	. NA
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.	NA	NA
	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.	3,681,581	approximately \$1.74-2.00 fluctuating with
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.	11,181	market condition
٠.	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	NA	NA
3.02 BI	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility.	o deliver the li	sted substance to
<u></u>	Truck Railcar Barge, Vessel Pipeline	••••••	
	Truck Railcar Barge, Vessel Pipeline	•••••••	

3.03 CBI	a.	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to your facility.
		Bags
		Boxes
		Free standing tank cylinders
		Tank rail cars(
		Hopper cars
		Tank trucks
		Hopper trucks
		Drums
		Pipeline
		Other (specify)1
	b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank rail cars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Tank cylinders
		Tank cylinders NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH Tank trucks NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH Tank trucks NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH Tank trucks NA mmH
		Tank cylinders NA mmH Tank rail cars NA mmH Tank trucks NA mmH

average percent composit amount of mixture proces	e of its supplier(s) tion by weight of the	form of a mixture, list the) or manufacturer(s), an es he listed substance in the orting year.	timate of the
Trade Name	Supplier or Manufacturer	Average % Composition by Weight (specify ± % precision)	Amount Processed (kg/yr)
Mondur HR	Mobav	90% ± 5%	248,300
•	,	•	
		•	
	• •		
		•	
			•
		••	
		· :	
	•	••	

CBI reporting the percen	t composition, b	y we	a class I chemic ight, of the lis	al, class II cl ted substance.	hemical, or polymer, and
	•		Quantity Used (kg/yr)		<pre>% Composition by Weight of Listed Sub- stance in Raw Material (specify ± % precision</pre>
Class I che	emical .		1,297,244		100½ ± 1%
al		•		•	
Class II ch	nemical	-			
		-			
		-		•	*
Polymer		, - -		·	
		-			
	·	_	•		·
			•		
				•	
				. •	
				. •	

	SEC	CTION 4 PHYSICAL/CHEM	CAL PROPERTIES	
Gener	al Instructions:			
	ou are reporting on a mi ot are inappropriate to			uestions in Section
notic	uestions 4.06-4.15, if yet that addresses the inmile in lieu of answeri	formation requested, ye	ou may submit a copy o	
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DA	TA SUMMARY		-
4.01 <u>CBI</u>	substance as it is manusubstance in the final	ufactured, imported, or product form for manu	or 1 technical grade(s) reprocessed. Measure facturing activities, gin to process the sub-	the purity of the a
t1		Manufacture	Import	Process
	Technical grade #1	NA % purity	NA % purity	99.9 % purity
	Technical grade #2	NA % purity	NA % purity	NA % purity
	Technical grade #3	NA % purity	NA % purity	NA % purity
	¹ Major = Greatest quan		ce manufactured, impor	ted or processed.
4.02	substance, and for ever an MSDS that you develo	ry formulation contains oped and an MSDS develo	afety Data Sheet (MSDS ing the listed substan- oped by a different so has been submitted by	ce. If you possess urce, submit your
	Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(1
	No	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2
	Indicate whether the M	SDS was developed by yo	our company or by a di	fferent source.

$[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sho

Your company

Another source

4.03	Submit a copy or reasonathat is provided to your formulation containing the been submitted by circles	r customers/users re the listed substance	garding the Indicate	listed subs	cance or any	
	YesNA				• • • • • • • • • •	1
•	No	•	•			2
4.04 CBI	For each activity that to corresponding to each placed. Physical states the time you import or manufacturing, storage, final state of the product.	nysical state of the s for importing and begin to process the disposal and transp	listed subs processing a listed subs	stance durin activities a stance. Phy	ng the activiture determined Usical states	y l at for
[_]			-4		•	
			Phy	sical State	Liquified	
	Activity	<u>Solid</u>	Slurry	Liquid	Gas	Gas
	Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5
	Import	1	2	3	4	5

[-]	Mark (X)	this	box	if	you	attach	a	continuation	sheet.
·—·									

Process

Dispose

Transport

Store

particle: importing listed so	ge distribution of to the second section of the second sec	meter. Measur ivities at the he physical st	e the phetime your safe and	ysical st u import particle	ate and or begi sizes f	particle n to proc or manufa	sizes ess the cturing
Physical State	•	Manufacture	Import	Process	Store	Dispose	Trans
Dust	<1 micron	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA :	NA NA
	1 to <5 microns	ft ·	11	11	"	·n	10
•	5 to <10 microns			11		11	· · ·
Powder	<1 micron	n .	11		11	***	"
	1 to <5 microns	11		11	***	<u></u>	11
	5 to <10 microns	11					· · ·
Fiber	<pre><1 micron</pre>	, 11	11	11	11	tt	11
	1 to <5 microns	11	15	n	11	- 11	ti
	5 to <10 microns	11	**		11	ıt	"
Aerosol	<1 micron	. 11	11	11	11	ŧŧ	
·	1 to <5 microns	tf	(1	4 17	t1		11
	5 to <10 microns	11	11	11	(1	11	
				. •			
		,				•	

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

SECTION	5	ENVIRONMENTAL.	FATE
OUGLISH	_1	CHATKOMUCHTUR	

	ndicate the rate constants for the following tra	nsforma	tion processes.	•
a.		πĸ	(1/W om) at	
	Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak) Reaction quantum yield, 6			
	Direct photolysis rate constant, k _p , at			•
b.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:	U.K.		
	For 10 ₂ (singlet oxygen), k _{ox}		U.K.	1/
	For RO ₂ (peroxy radical), k _{ox}	•		
c.	m! ! !! ! !			mg
d.				
	For bacterial transformation in water, k _b		U.K.	1/
	Specify culture		U.K.	
e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:	•		
	For base-promoted process, k _B		U.K.	1/
	For acid-promoted process, k,		U.K.	1/
	For neutral process, k _N		U.K.	1/
f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions)_	•	U.K.	
g.	Other (such as spontaneous degradation)		U.K.	

		•
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

PART 5.02		PARTITION COEFFICIENTS Specify the half-life	of the listed subs	stance in the follow	ing med	ia.
		<u> Media</u>		Half-life (spec	ify uni	<u>ts)</u>
		Groundwater	·	U.K.		
		Atmosphere		U.K.		
		Surface water		U.K.	-	
		Soil		U.K.	•	
	b.	Identify the listed su life greater than 24 h	bstance's known tr ours.	ansformation produc	ts that	have a half-
		CAS No.	Name	Half-life (specify units)		<u> Media</u>
		U.K.	U.K.	U.K.	_ in	
			1		in _	
			,		in	
				-	in	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
.03	Spec	cify the octanol-water p	partition coefficie	ent, K _{ow}	U.K.	at 25°C
	Meti	nod of calculation or de	etermination			·
.04		cify the soil-water part				
	Soil	type				•
.05	Spec	ify the organic carbon- ficient, K _{oc}	water partition		U.K.	at 25°C
.06	Spec	eify the Henry's Law Con		••••••		
	Hark	(X) this box if you at	tach a continuatio	n sheet.		

•	Bioconcentration Factor	,	Species	•	Tes	t ¹
	U.K.		U.K.	N.	ប.:	K.
			•	•		
•		.*.				
	¹ Use the following codes to	designate	the type o	f test:		•
	F = Flowthrough S = Static				<u>.</u> .	
	•				•	•
			,			
				•		
				•		
				•		
	•			. •		
		-	. •			

<u>Market</u>		Quantity Sold or Transferred (kg/yr)	Total Sales Value (\$/yr)
Retail sales		N.A.	· N.A.
Distribution Wholesa	lers	19	
Distribution Retaile	rs	. Te	
Intra-company transfer	• •	11	· ·
Repackagers	÷	11	***
Mixture producers		. 16	tf :
Article producers		TI .	11
Other chemical manufactor processors	ırers	re .	40
Exporters			11
Other (specify)			
	-		. 15
for the listed substance feasible substitute is	e and state the one which is earn, and which uses.	cially feasible substitut ne cost of each substitut economically and technolo results in a final produ	e. A commercially gically feasible t
for the listed substance feasible substitute is c in your current operation	e and state thone which is e on, and which	ne cost of each substitute economically and technology	e. A commercially gically feasible t
for the listed substance feasible substitute is c in your current operation	e and state the one which is earn, and which uses.	ne cost of each substitute economically and technology	e. A commercially gically feasible to the comparable to the compar
for the listed substance feasible substitute is a in your current operation performance in its end to	e and state the one which is earn, and which uses.	ne cost of each substitute economically and technology	e. A commercially gically feasible to the comparable of the comparable of the control of the con
for the listed substance feasible substitute is a in your current operation performance in its end to	e and state the one which is earn, and which uses.	ne cost of each substitute economically and technology	e. A commercially gically feasible to the comparable of the comparable of the control of the con
for the listed substance feasible substitute is a in your current operation performance in its end to	e and state the one which is earn, and which uses.	ne cost of each substitute economically and technology	e. A commercially gically feasible to the comparable of the comparable of the control of the con
for the listed substance feasible substitute is a in your current operation performance in its end to	e and state the one which is earn, and which uses.	ne cost of each substitute economically and technology	e. A commercially gically feasible to the comparable of the comparable of the control of the con

	SECTION 7 MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION General Instructions:					
Gener						
provi	uestions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram ded in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the mation is extracted.					
PART	A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION					
7.01 CBI	In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance.					
[_]	Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam					
	See no. 42a					

	SECTION 7 MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION
Gener	ral Instructions:
provi	uestions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram ded in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the mation is extracted.
PART	A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION
7.01 CBI	In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance.
[_]	Process type Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing
	See pg. 42c

7.03	process emission streams which, if combined, would treated before emission from one process type, process for question 7.01. If a	nstructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all and emission points that contain the listed substance and d total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not into the environment. If all such emissions are released rovide a process block flow diagram using the instructions ll such emissions are released from more than one process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate
CBI		
[_]	Process type	Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing

See pg 44a

7.03	In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released from one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions for question 7.01. If all such emissions are released from more than one process type, provide a process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate						
CBI	block.						
(<u> </u>	Process type	Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing					
ıı		nesona carpet raa nanaractaring					
	See pg 44c						
	•						

7.04 Describe the typical equipment types for each unit operation identified in your process block flow diagram(s). If a process block flow diagram is provided for more than one process type, photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.

CBI

[] Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing

Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Composition
7.1	Poly Bulk Tank	_ambient	atmospheric	steel
7.2	TDI Bulk Tanks	ambient	atmospheric	steel
7.3	Pump	ambient + 3.24c	3103	316ss:
7.4	Pump	21-27	2844	cast iron
7 1:	terin <u>Leurans Turres</u>	19 J.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
7.10	Polyol and other	17-27	310	steel
7.11	process tanks <u>Pump</u> metering	17-27	2327-2844	cast iron
7.12	Pump	17-27	<u>25-62,000</u>	carbon steel
7.14	Heat Exchanger	17-27	2327-2844	316ss
7.15	Flow Meter	NA	NA	NA
7.16	Heat Exchanger	17-27	2327-2585	316ss
7.17	Flow Meter	21	2069	SS & Glass
7.18	Mixing Head	ambient	25-62,000	steel
7.21	Reaction Zone	ambient	atmospheric	SS Steel
7.22	Conveyor System	ambient	atmospheric	steel
7.25	Heat Bank	127	atmospheric	alum. heater
7.26	Cut Off Saw	ambient	NA	steel covers NA
7.29	Hot Foam Curing System	127	5172	galvanized sheet metal

[[] \succeq] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

	Describe the typical equipment types for each unit operation identified in your process block flow diagram(s). If a process block flow diagram is provided for more than one process type, photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.					
[_]	Process type Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing					
(Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Composition	
	7.1	Polyol Tank	ambient	<u>atmosphe</u> ric	steel	
	7.6	Pump	_ambient	2068-2844	_carbon_steel	
	7.7	Binder Tank	NA	NA	NA	
	7.8	Blender	ambient	155	cold roll	
_	7.10	Foam Shredder	ambient	NA	steel cold roll	
_	7.11	Bail Buster	ambient	NA	steel <u>cold roll</u>	
-	7.14	Compression Mold	127	259	steel steel	
	7.17	Peeler	ambient	NA	_steel	
	7.18	Laminator	204-232	atmospheric	steel	
-	7.2	TDI Tank	ambient	155-258	steel	
-	7.2		ambient	2068-2844	castiron	

 $^[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7.05	process block fl	ocess stream identified in y ow diagram is provided for m plete it separately for each	ore than one process type	lagram(s). If a		
CBI						
[_]	Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing					
÷	Process Stream ID Code	Process Stream Description	<u>Physical State</u> 1	Stream Flow (kg/yr)		
	7W, 7O, 7P, 7Q 7R, 7S	Polyol	OL	2,074,589		
	7H, 7I, 7J, 7K, 7L, 7M, 7D	TDI	OL	1,118,377		
	7P, 7Q, 7R, 7S	Water, Tin, Amine, Freon,				

 Ω L

SO

386,958

3,396,201

Polyurethane Foam

Silicone, Pigment, Methylene

_Chloride

7Z, 7AA, 7CC,

7DD, 7EE, 7GG

¹Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream:

GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

SO = Solid

SY = Sludge or slurry

AL = Aqueous liquid

OL = Organic liquid

IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)

CBI			•.	
[_]	Process type	Rebond Carpet Pad Man	nufacturing	
	Process Stream ID Code	Process Stream _Description	Physical State ¹	Stream Flow (kg/yr)
	7D, 7G, 7I, 70,	7C Binder: Polyol &	OL	343,531
	7E, 7F, 7C, 7I, 7H, 7J, 7K, 7L		OL SO	171,765 5,410,607
•	7M, 70	DOZUP Z OUM		
	7R, 7S, 7T	Rebond Carpet Pad	SO	5,925,903
	•			

	••			
				
	GC = Gas (conder GU = Gas (unconder SO = Solid SY = Sludge or AL = Aqueous li OL = Organic li	quid	and pressure) e and pressure)	

CBI	instructions for further explanation and an example.) Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing					
(,	a.	b.	c.	d.	· e.	
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds ¹	Concen- trations ² , ³ (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentrations (% or ppm)	
	7w	Polyol	100% (E)	NA	NA	
		TDI	100% (E)	NA	NA	
	y					
	7NN	Additive Package #1	NA	NA	NA	
 7.06	continued b	elow				
	7T [*]	Polyol, TDI, Additive Package #1	100% (E)	NA	NA	
	7 Z	Polyurethane Foam	100% (E)	NA ·	NA	
			•			

7.06 (continued)

¹For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations (% or ppm)
1	Tincatalyst	100%
	_Amine catalyst	100%
	Silicone	100%
-	Water	100%
	Fire Retardants	100%
	Pigments	100%
	Freon II	100%
·.	Methylene Chloride	100%
2	NA	NA
3	NA	NA
	-	

²Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined:

A = Analytical result

E = Engineering judgement/calculation

³Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

V = Volume

W = Weight

Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

_1	Process typ	e Rebond (Carpet Pad Manufa	cturing .	
	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds ¹	Concentrations ^{2,3} (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentration (% or ppm)
		Polyol	100%	NA	NA
		TDI	100%	NA	NA NA
	7H, 7J	Scrap Foam	100%	NA	NA
	7R	Carpet Padding	100%	NA	NA
 6	continued be				

7	.06	(co	nt:	inu	ed)
4	• • •	, ~~			~~,

¹For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	· •	Concentrations (% or ppm)
1	NA_	_	NA
		<u>.</u>	
		_	
2	NA.	_	NA
		-	
3	NA .		NA
•			
•			
4	NA:		NA
5	NA		NA
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Jse the following codes to	designate how the conc	entration w	as determined:
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/			
Jse the following codes to	designate how the conc	entration w	as measured:
<pre>I = Volume I = Veight</pre>			

PAR	T A RESIDUAL TREATMENT PR	OCESS DESCRIPTION
8.0 CBI	which describes the tre	instructions, provide a residual treatment block flow diagram atment process used for residuals identified in question 7.01.
[_	Process type	Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam
	•	See Residual Treatment Flow Diagram, pg. 50a

[X] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

PART	PART A RESIDUAL TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION					
8.01 <u>CBI</u>	which describes the treatment process used for residuals identified in question 7.01.					
[_]	Process type	Rebond Carpet	Pad Manufacturi	ng		
		See Residual	Treatment Flow D	oiagram, page 50c		
	÷,					
	*.	,				
				en en der v		

[X] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

8.05 CBI	Characterize each process stream identified in your residual treatment block flow diagram(s). If a residual treatment block flow diagram is provided for more than on process type, photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)								
[_]	Process	type	Flex	Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam					
	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.	f.	g.		
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Vaste	Physical State of Residual ²	Known Compounds ³	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) 4,5,6	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concen- trations (% or ppm)		
	711	T	GU	TDI	UK	NA	NA		
	1		·						
	7KK	T	GU	TDI	UK	NA .	NA		
	7v	Т	GU	TDI	UK	NA NA	NA		
				Freon-11	UK	NA	NA		
				Methylene Chl	oride <u>UK</u>	NA ·	NA		
	<u>7Y</u>	T	GÜ	TDI	UK	NA	NA		
				Freon-11.	<u>UK</u>	NA	NA		
				Methylene Ch	lo <u>ride UK</u>	NA	NA		
8.05	continu	ed below							

8.05 (continu	ed)
--------	---------	-----

³For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

	Additive Package Number		Components of Additive Package	_	Concentrations (% or ppm)
	1	•	NA	_	NA NA
				_	
				_	
	2	·			
				-	
		•		-	
	3			-	
		•			
		•		-	
				-	
	4	•		_	
				-	
		-	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	
	5	-		· -	
		•		-	
				-	
	4llee the fellowin	a andra to de	agignate have the canes	entration wa	a dotorminod.
			esignate how the conce	entration wa	s determined:
	A = Analytical r E = Engineering	esult judgement/ca	lculation		
 B.05	continued below				
[_1	Mark (X) this box	if you atta	ch a continuation shee	et.	
			56		

8.05	(continu	ed)					
	⁵ Use the	following o	odes to design	ate how the con	centration va	s measured	
	V = Vol V = Vei	ume			-	•	
	⁶ Specify below.	the analyti Assign a co	cal test metho de to each tes	ds used and the t method used a	ir detection nd list those	limits in codes in	the table column e.
	<u>Code</u>		<u>м</u>	ethod		De .	tection Limi (± ug/l)
	1	. NA				<u>.</u>	. Notice of appear
	_3						
•	_4						
	5						
	_6	:	/				
		-					
•		-				,	
							•
			•				
	:						

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u>r</u> []					r explanation	ана ан ехашрг	e. <i>)</i>
	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Vaste	Physical State of Residual ²	Known Compounds ³	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) 4.5.6	Other Expected Compounds	Estimate Concen- trations (% or ppm
	70	T	G4	TDI	<u> </u>	NA NA	NA
				,			
							•

8	.05	(continued)
---	-----	-------------

³For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

	Additive Package Number		Components of Additive Package		Concentrations (% or ppm)
	1	•	NA NA		NA
					-
	2	•		-	
				-	·
	3			_	
	1		,	-	
	4			_	
				_	
				_	
	5				
				_	
	⁴ Use the following	g codes to d	esignate how the concen	tration was	determined.
	A = Analytical r E = Engineering	esult			
8.05	continued below				
[_]	Mark (X) this box	if you atta	ch a continuation sheet	-	
			56		

8.05	(continued)	•
------	-------------	---

⁵Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

V = Volume

W = Weight

⁶Specify the analytical test methods used and their detection limits in the table below. Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes in column e.

<u>Code</u>	Method	·	Detection Limi(± ug/l)		
1	CONA CONTRACTOR CARRENT CARRENT CARRENT		in the state of the Mary's		
_2		, .			
3					
4					
5					
6		_			
		_			

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

P	Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing											
	a. tream ID Code	b. Waste Description Code	c. Management Method Code	d. Residual Quantities (kg/yr)	of Resi	gement dual (%) Off-Site	f. Costs for Off-Site Management (per kg)	g. Changes : Managemen Methods				
	711	B91	<u>M5a · </u>	ø	NA	NA	NA -	NA				
						<u> </u>						
<u>7</u>	KK	B91	M5a		NA	NA	NA	NA .				
7	v	B91		22,354	NA	NA	NA	NONE				
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
7	Υ <u>Υ</u> -	_B91	M5a	44,708	NA	NA	NA	NONE				
		e codes provi			_		=					

] Process	type	Rebo	ond Carpet Pa	ad Manufa	cturing		
a.	b.	c.	d.	е	l•	f.	g.
Stream ID Code	Waste Description Code	Management Method Code ²	Residual Quantities (kg/yr)	of Resi	gement dual (%) Off-Site	Costs for Off-Site Management (per kg)	Changes in Managemen Methods
<u>70</u>	B91	<u>M5a</u> -	8.61	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA ·	NA
			·			-	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	·		•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		•					

	•						
		-				·	
•		-		•			
					•	·	
¹ Use th ² Use th	e codes provi e codes provi	ded in Exhi ded in Exhi	bit 8-1 to d bit 8-2 to d	esignate esignate	the waste	descriptions ment methods	

[_]		Ch	oustion namber nture (°C)	Temp	tion of erature nitor	ed in lieu Types Emission Avail N/A N/A N/A	ence Time mbustion (seconds)
	<u>Incinerator</u>	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary
	1	N/A	•				-
	2	N/A					
	3	_N/A					
	Yes	the app	······································	onse.	s been submitt	••••••	1
	No	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	(2
	Incinerator 1		Control	llution Device ¹		Emission Avail	s Data
	2		1	N/A	(111)		
	3		1	N/A		N/A	
	Yes		opriate respo	onse.	been submitte	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
		ving codes t (include typ atic precipi ecify)	e of scrubber	he air polle	ution control		

PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

9.01 Mark (X) the appropriate column to indicate whether your company maintains records on the following data elements for hourly and salaried workers. Specify for each data element the year in which you began maintaining records and the number of years the records for that data element are maintained. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)

]		Data are Ma Hourly	intained for Salaried	Year in Which Data Collection	Number of Years Records
	Data Element	Workers	Workers	Began	Are Maintained
	Date of hire	X	X	1973	16
	Age at hire	X	X	1973	. 16
	Work history of individual before employment at your facility	X	X	1973	16
	•	-			
	Sex	<u> </u>	X	1973	16
	Race	X	X	1973	16
	Job titles	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1973	16
	Start date for each job title	<u> </u>	X	1973	16
	End date for each job title	X	X	1973	16
	Work area industrial hygiene monitoring data	NA	<u>NA</u>	1973	16
	Personal employee monitoring data	NA	NA	NA NA	NA
	Employee medical history	X	X	1985	4
	Employee smoking history	X	X *	NA	NA
	Accident history	<u> </u>	X	1985	4
	Retirement date	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Termination date	<u> </u>	X	1973	16
	Vital status of retirees	NA	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA
	Cause of death data	NA	NA 	NA	NA

	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet.
--	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	--------

in which you engage	the instructions, complete	the following ta	able for e	ach activity
] a.	b.	c.	d.	e.
Activity	Process Category	Yearly Quantity (kg)	Total Workers	Total Worker-Hour
Manufacture of the	Enclosed	NA	NA	NA
listed substance On-site use as reactant	Controlled Release	NA	NA	NA
	0pen	NA	NA	NA
	Enclosed	NA	NA	NA
reactant	Controlled Release	1,297,244	8	12,098
	Open	NA	NA	NA
On-site use as	Enclosed	NA	NA	NA
nonreactant	Controlled Release	NA	NA	NA
	0pen	NA	NA	NA
On-site preparation	Enclosed	NA	NA	NA
of products	Controlled Release	NA	NA	NA
	0pen	NA	NA	NA

.03 3 <u>1</u>	Provide a description of the compasses workers listed substance.	ve job title for each labor category at your facility that who may potentially come in contact with or be exposed to the
== 1		
	Labor Category	Descriptive Job Title
•	A	Foam Production Supervisor
	В	
	C	Foam Machine Operator
		Laborer, General (Plastics)
	D	Molder, Foam Rubber
	E	
	F .	
	G	
	H	
	I	
	J	
		•

9.04	In according indicate	edance asso	e with ciate	n the	instructio k areas.	ons, pro	ovide y	our pro	cess bloc	k tlov	diagr	am(s) an
CBI												
	Process	type	• • • • •		Flexible							
					See Work	Area I	lagran	, pg. 9	la			- · · · ·
											•	
					·							
					• ,			-				
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		٠	•									
									•			
								-				
							•					

.04	In according to the second	rdance with the e associated wo	e instructions, pro ork areas.	ovide your p	orocess	block flo	w diagra	m(s) and
BI		•						
	Process	type	Rebond Carpet Pa	d Manufactı	uring	·.	,	
	•	*	See diagram, pg.	91c				
			•					
	•							
								•
				••				
						•	-	
			·					
		٠.						
			•					
		•						
						•		
		•						
			•					
		·						
					•			

CBI	additional areas not	in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any shown in the process block flow diagram in question 7.01 or question and complete it separately for each process type.
<u></u> 1	Process type	Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing
	Work Area ID	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities
	1	Bulk Tank Storage Area - foam machine crew monitors flow and levels
	2	Pumping Equipment, foam machine controls - foam machine crew operates controls
	3	Cut Off Saw, Foam Handling Equipment and Curing Area - saw operator runs saw, crane operator and helpers stack fresh bur
	4	Foam Storage, Converting and Shipping - foam conversion crew cuts foam to customer specifications
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10	
		·

9.05 <u>CBI</u>	may potentially come additional areas not	work area(s) shown in question 9.04 that encompass workers who in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any shown in the process block flow diagram in question 7.01 or question and complete it separately for each process type.		
[_]	Process type	Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing		
	Work Area ID	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities		
	1	Pumping and Storage Equipment - rebond crew monitors flow and levels		
•	2	Blending Equipment and Rebond Process Equipment - rebond cre- operates all equipment		
	3	Rebond Peeler, Laminator and Storage Area - operators run peeler and laminator, production workers package, etc.		
	4	Waste Foam Handling System - operator runs shredder		
	5			
	6			
	7			
	8			
	9	,		
	10			
	•			
	,			
		·		
· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

 _	e Fl	for each proc exible Slabsto				ing
 Work area .			*****	1		
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dir skin conta	ect	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number of Days per Year Exposed
A	1	inhalation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GU	A	263
<u>B</u>	2	inhalation		GU	A	263
. *************************************			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		***************************************	-
•	The state of the s					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		41-1 hours	**************************************	<u> </u>
	•	·	•	*************************************		
						•
**************************************				<u> </u>		
GC = Gas (tempe GU = Gas (tempe inclu SO = Solid	lowing codes to	ambient ssure) at ambient ssure; ors, etc.)	SY = AL = OL = IL =	Sludge or sl Aqueous liqu Organic liqu Immiscible l (specify pha 90% water, 1	urry id id id iquid ses, e.g., 0% toluene) sure per day:	
B = Greater exceedi C = Greater	than 15 minute ng 1 hour than one hour ng 2 hours		E = 0	exceeding 4 h	4 hours, but i	

Process ty	/pe <u>F</u>	lexible Slabsto	ck Polyurethane E	oam Manufactur	ing
Work area 2					
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., directions)	t Listed .	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number Days p Year Expos
A	1	inhalation	GU	С	263
B	2	inhalation	GÜ	С	263
					
	4. *** ********************************				
		;			
	·				
	Butter Harris A. C.	The state of the s			·
					
the point GC = Gas tem GU = Gas tem inc SO = Sol ² Use the f	of exposure: (condensible at perature and pre (uncondensible perature and pre ludes fumes, vap id	ambient ssure) at ambient ssure; ors, etc.)	age length of exp	lurry uid uid liquid ases, e.g., 10% toluene) osure per day:	·
B = Great	nutes or less er than 15 minut ding 1 hour	es, but not	D = Greater than exceeding 4 E = Greater than	hours	

Process typ	e <u>Fl</u>	exible Slabstoc	k Pol	yurethane Fo	am Manufactur	ing
Work area .	rk area		•••••	3 &	4	
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direction skin contact	ct	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day	Number Days pe Year Expose
<u>NA</u>	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA
						-
	·					
		;				
	4-4-		•			
			<u> </u>			
	100 0000	***************************************			**************************************	·
the point GC = Gas temp GU = Gas temp	llowing codes to of exposure: (condensible at erature and preduced preduced preduced preduced preduced fumes, vaped	ambient ssure) at ambient ssure;	SY = AL = OL =	Sludge or sl Aqueous liqu Organic liqu Immiscible l (specify pha 90% water, 1	urry iid iid iquid ises, e.g.,	bstance a
² Use the fo	llowing codes to	o designate ave	rage le	•		
B = Greate	utes or less r than 15 minute ing 1 hour	es, but not	•	exceeding 4 h	4 hours, but	

1	and complete it separately for each process type and work area. Process type Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing						
-	Work area .		••••	· · · · · ·	1		
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dire skin contac	ect .	Physical State of Listed Substance ¹	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number o Days pe Year Expose
	A	1	inhalation	<u>.</u>	GÜ	A	263
	<u>D</u>	3	inhalation	• .	GU	A	263
	<u> </u>			· ·		·	
				·	·····	•	
		·	,	.			
							#*************************************
					-		
							
	GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure;		ambient ssure) at ambient	SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g.,			
	SO = Solid				90% water, 1	0% toluene)	
	Use the fol	lowing codes to	o designate ave	rage l	ength of expo	sure per day:	
	<pre>2 Use the following codes to designate av A = 15 minutes or less B = Greater than 15 minutes, but not exceeding 1 hour C = Greater than one hour, but not exceeding 2 hours</pre>			<pre>D = Greater than 2 hours, but not exceeding 4 hours E = Greater than 4 hours, but not exceeding 8 hours F = Greater than 8 hours</pre>			

	come in con	category at you tact with or be e it separately	exposed to th	e listed	substance.	Photocopy th	tentially nis questic
_]	Process type Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing						
	Work area .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••••	2		•
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dir skin conta	ect	Physical State of Listed Substance ¹	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number of Days per Year Exposed
	A	1	inhalation	-	GU	E	263
	D	3	inhalation	 -	GU	Е	263
	·. 	•		· .			
						·	
				·			
		· <u>.</u>					
			·				
				-			
							
	GC = Gas (lowing codes to f exposure:	ambient	SY = S	Sludge or sl	urry	bstance a
	GU = Gas (tempe	erature and pre uncondensible erature and pre	at ambient ssure;	AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid			
	inclu SO = Solid	ides fumes, vap l	ors, etc.)		(specify pha 90% water, 1	ses, e.g., 0% toluene)	
	² Use the following codes to designate average length of exposure per day:						
	B = Greater	ites or less than 15 minut ng 1 hour	es, but not	ex	ceeding 4 h		
		than one hour	, but not	E = Greater than 4 hours, but not exceeding 8 hours F = Greater than 8 hours			

Process typ	e Re	bond Carpet Pa	ad Manufacturi	ng	
Work area .	•••••	•••	******	3 & 4	
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dir skin conta	ect List	of Length of ed Exposure	
NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA
	·				-
<u></u>					
	•				
	*	*			

	·		· .		
			<u> </u>		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	**************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
the point GC = Gas temp GU = Gas temp incl SO = Soli Use the fo A = 15 min	the point of exposure: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure; includes fumes, vapors, etc.) SO = Solid 2 Use the following codes to designate as A = 15 minutes or less B = Greater than 15 minutes, but not		he physical state of the listed substance a SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene) verage length of exposure per day: D = Greater than 2 hours, but not exceeding 4 hours		

9.07	Weighted Average (1	egory represented in question 9.06, IWA) exposure levels and the 15-min stion and complete it separately for	ute peak exposure levels.					
CBI								
[_]	Process type	Flexible Slabstock Polyureth	nane Foam Manufacturing					
	Work area							
	Labor Category	8-hour TVA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)					
	Α	UK	UK					
	В	UK	UK					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	••							
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

9.07 CBI	Weighted Average (T	gory represented in question 9.06, WA) exposure levels and the 15-min tion and complete it separately for	ute peak exposure levels.				
	Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing						
	Work area)				
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)				
	Α	UK	UK				
	В	UK	UK				
		·					
	•						
		•					
	• ·						

9.07 CBI	For each labor category represented in question 9.06, indicate the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA) exposure levels and the 15-minute peak exposure levels. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.							
	Process type	Process type Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing						
·,		•	_					
	Work area	•	1					
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)					
	A	UK	UK					
		TIV						
	D	<u>UK</u>	UK					
		_						
		<u> </u>						
			•					
		·						
	. '							

9.07	Weighted Average (T	egory represented in question 9.06, WA) exposure levels and the 15-min tion and complete it separately for	nute peak exposure levels.
CBI			
[_]	Process type	Rebond Carpet Pad Manufactur	ring
	Work area	•••••	2
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)
	A	UK	UK
	<u>D</u>	UK	UK
		,	
	• •	•	

You monitor worker exposure to the listed substance, complete the following to NA							
Sample/Test	Work Area ID	Testing Frequency (per year)	Number of Samples (per test)	Who Samples	Analyzed In-House (Y/N)	Number of Years Recor Maintaine	
Personal breathing zone				 		•	
General work area (air)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			***************************************		
Wipe samples							
Adhesive patches	-		****				
Blood samples	· .						
Urine samples							
Respiratory samples							
Allergy tests			•				
Other (specify)							
Other (specify)							
Other (specify)	"		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
							
¹ Use the following c	odes to de	esignate who	takes the	monitoring	g samples:		
A = Plant industria B = Insurance carri C = OSHA consultant D = Other (specify)	l hygienis er						
			•				

_1	Sample Type		Sampling and Analytical Methodology						
			·-						
		•							
	•								
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
10	If you conduct person				substance,				
Ţ	specify the following	g information id	or each equipment ty	pe used. (NA)					
≐ 	1		2 u s .	Averaging					
_}	Equipment Type ¹	Detection Limit	it' Manufacturer	Time (hr)	Model Number				
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
		•		· · · · · · ·					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		-			_				
					-				
	1								
	Use the following co		te personal air moni	toring equipmen	it types:				
	A = Passive dosimete B = Detector tube	er							
	C = Charcoal filtrat	tion tube with p	oump						
	D = Other (specify)	•		•					
	Use the following co	_		oring equipment	types:				
	<pre>E = Stationary monit F = Stationary monit</pre>								
	G = Stationary monit	tors located at	plant boundary						
	<pre>H = Mobile monitorin I = Other (specify)</pre>	ng equipment (sp 		·					
	² Use the following codes to designate detection limit units:								
	A = ppm		·	•					
	B = Fibers/cubic cen C = Micrograms/cubic	ntimeter (f/cc)							
	C = MICLOGIAMS/CODIC	merer (h/m)	•						

<u>BI</u>		e e e			Freque	эпсу	
<u>_</u>]	Test Descript	ion		(weekly,	monthly,	yearly,	etc.)
			_				
			_				
							
			_	-			
	r e	-					
	•						
	•	•		•			
	,						
				•			
				·			
					•		
			•				
							•

9.12 CBI	Describe the engineering controls that you use to reduce or eliminate worker exposur to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.							
	Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing							
`'	Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1				
	Engineering Controls	Used	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded			
	Engineering Controls	<u>(Y/N)</u>	Installed	(171)	_opgradeo			
	Ventilation:			-				
	Local exhaust	<u> </u>						
	General dilution	<u>Y</u>	1975	N N	NA			
	Other (specify)							
		N	·					
	Vessel emission controls	<u>Y</u>	1975	N	NA			
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	N						
	Other (specify)	·						
	<u> </u>	N		·				
•				•				
			•					

9.12 CBI	Describe the engineering controls that you use to reduce or eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.							
[_]	Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing Work area 2							
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded			
	Ventilation:							
	Local exhaust	Y	1973	N	NA			
	General dilution	N						
	Other (specify)	ş.						
		N						
	Vessel emission controls	N	<u></u>		-			
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	N						
	Other (specify)	•						
		N						

				<u> </u>
Describe the engineering conto the listed substance. Ple process type and work area.	ntrols that yo notocopy this	u use to reduce o question and comp	r eliminate vor lete it separat	ker exp ely for
Process type	Flexible Sl	abstock Polyureth	ane Foam Manuf	acturin
Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	
Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Ye Upgr
Ventilation:				
Local exhaust	N	<u> </u>		
General dilution	Y	1973	N	N
Other (specify)	*			• .
	N	·		
Vessel emission controls	N			•
Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	, Y	1973	N	N.
Other (specify)	•			
	N		·	
		•		
		•		
			•	
		·		

1	Describe the engineering conto the listed substance. Plancess type and work area.	itrols that yo notocopy this	u use to reduce or question and compl	eliminate wor lete it separat	ker exposur ely for eac
] 1	Process type	Flexible S	labstock Polyureth	nane Foam Manu	facturing
1	Work area	•••••		•4	
1	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
,	Ventilation:				
	Local exhaust	N			
	General dilution	<u>Y</u>	1973	N	NA
	Other (specify)				
		N			†
7	Vessel emission controls	<u>N</u>			***************************************
ŧ	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	Y	1973	N	NA
(Other (specify)				
-		N			
			•		

Describe the engineering conto the listed substance. Ple process type and work area.	ntrols that you notocopy this	u use to reduce o question and comp	r eliminate wor lete it separat	ker exposu ely for ea			
Process type	Process type Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing						
Work area 1							
Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgrade			
Ventilation:							
Local exhaust	N						
General dilution	<u>Y</u>	1973	N	NA			
Other (specify)							
·	N						
Vessel emission controls	Y	1973	N	NA			
Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	У	1973	N	NA):			
Other (specify)	·						
	N		•				

Describe the engineering conto the listed substance. Phorocess type and work area.	ntrols that you	u use to reduce of question and comp	r eliminate wor lete it separat	ker exposurely for each
Process type	Rebond Ca	rpet Pad Manufact	uring	
Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2	
Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
Ventilation:		•		
Local exhaust	Y	1973	N	NA
General dilution	N		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Other (specify)	•			
	N	<u> </u>	·	
Vessel emission controls	<u> </u>	1973	N	NA
Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	Y	1973	N	NA
Other (specify)	·			
	N			

9.12 CBI	Describe the engineering controls that you use to reduce or eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.						
[_]	Process type	Rebond C	arpet Pad Manufac	turing	The state of the s		
	Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3 & 4			
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded		
	Ventilation:						
	Local exhaust	N			·		
	General dilution	N					
	Other (specify)	N					
	Vessel emission controls	N			,		
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	У	1973	N	NA		
	Other (specify)						
		N					
			·				
			•				

the listed substance. For each equipment or process modification described, s the percentage reduction in exposure that resulted. Photocopy this question a complete it separately for each process type and work area. Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Mfg.				
Process type <u>Flexible</u> Work area	STADSCOCK FC	лушешане	1–4	
Equipment or Process Mod	lification		Reduction Exposure Pe	
NA				
				•
••				
•				
			•	
	•			

the listed substance. the percentage reducti complete it separately	ion in exposure	that resulted	i. Photocop	tion described, y this question	sta and
Process type	Rebond Ca	rpet Pad Manu			
Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • •	1	-4 Reduction in W	
Equipment o	or Process Modi	fication		Exposure Per Ye	
NA NA					
				. •	
					
				, 334	
·					
·	,				
				·	
			•		
			•		
		•			

PAKI		VE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT			
9.14	in each work area i	al protective and safety equing norder to reduce or eliminate by this question and complete	e their exposu	re to the listed	
CBI	and work area.				
[_]	Process type	Flexible Slabstock Poly	urethane Foam	Manufacturing	
_	Work area		•••••	. 1	
		•			
			Wear or		
		Equipment Types	Use (Y/N)		
		Respirators	Y		
		Safety goggles/glasses	Y		
		Face shields	Y		
		Coveralls	<u>N</u>		
		Bib aprons	Y		
		Chemical-resistant gloves	<u>Y</u>		
		Other (specify)	· .	<i>,</i>	
		NA			
٠			•		
				•	

PART D PERSONAL PROTECTIVE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT					
9.14 CBI	in each work area	nal protective and safety equi in order to reduce or eliminatory opy this question and complete	te their exposi	ure to the listed	
<u> </u>	Process type	Flexible Slabstock Poly	urethane Foam	Manufacturing	
·,	Work area			. 2	
	WOLK area				
			Wear or Use	•	
		Equipment Types	<u>(Y/N)</u>		
		Respirators	<u> </u>		
		Safety goggles/glasses	У		
		Face shields	Y		
		Coveralls	N		
	.•	Bib aprons	Y		
		Chemical-resistant gloves	Y		
		Other (specify)			
		NA			
		(e)			
•					

9.14 <u>CBI</u>	in each work area i	al protective and safety equ n order to reduce or elimina py this question and complete	te their exposure	e to the listed
[_]	Process type	Flexible Slabstock Poly	yurethane Foam M	anufacturing
	Work area			3
		•		
		Equipment Types	Wear or Use (Y/N)	
				· •
		Respirators	N	
		Safety goggles/glasses	<u>N</u>	
		Face shields		. *
	•	Coveralls	N	
		Bib aprons	N	
		Chemical-resistant gloves	N	
		Other (specify)		
		NA NA		
	•			
				•

	Describe the personal protective and safety equipment that your workers wear or us in each work area in order to reduce or eliminate their exposure to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process ty and work area.				
CBI		Flexible Slabstock Poly	urethane Foa	m Manufacturing	
[_]	Process type	riexible Slabstock Foly	drechane roa	Manufacturing	
	Work area			••• 4	
		•			
			Wear or Use	•	
		Equipment Types	<u>(Y/N)</u>		
		Respirators	<u> </u>		
		Safety goggles/glasses	N		
		Face shields	<u> </u>	,	
		Coveralls	N		
	•	Bib aprons	<u> </u>		
		Chemical-resistant gloves	N		
		Other (specify)			
		NA	*****		
			•		

9.14	in each work area	nal protective and safety equi in order to reduce or elimina opy this question and complete	te their expos	ure to the listed
CBI	_	•		
[_]		Rebond Carpet Pad Mfg	<u> </u>	
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1
			•	
		Equipment Tunes	Wear or Use (Y/N)	· •
		Equipment Types		
		Respirators	<u>,Y</u>	
		Safety goggles/glasses	<u> </u>	
		Face shields	<u> </u>	,
	•	Coveralls	N	
	·	Bib aprons	<u>Y</u>	
		Chemical-resistant gloves	Y	
	•	Other (specify)		
		NA		
		•	•	

PART	PART D PERSONAL PROTECTIVE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT					
9.14 CBI	in each work area	conal protective and safety equing in order to reduce or eliminate ocopy this question and complete	e their expos	sure to the listed		
[_]	Process type	Rebond Carpet Pad Mfg.				
	Work area			2		
		Equipment Types	Wear or Use (Y/N)			
		Respirators	N			
		Safety goggles/glasses	N			
		Face shields	Ñ			
		Coveralls	N			
	;	Bib aprons	N			
		Chemical-resistant gloves	<u> </u>			
		Other (specify)				
		NA				
				•		
		•				

PART	D PERSONAL PROTECT	IVE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT			
	in each work area	nal protective and safety equi in order to reduce or eliminat opy this question and complete	e their expos	are to the liste	:d
CBI	Duning and Assent	Deboud Correct Ded ME	~		
t1	Process type	Rebond Carpet Pad Mf	4.	3	
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •		
		Equipment Types	Wear or Use (Y/N)	•	
		Respirators	N		
		Safety goggles/glasses	N		
		Face shields	N		
		Coveralls	. <u>N</u>	,	
	:	Bib aprons	N		
		Chemical-resistant gloves	<u> </u>		
		Other (specify)			
		NA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	•				
			·		
		•			

PART	PART D PERSONAL PROTECTIVE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT					
9.14 <u>CBI</u>	in each work area	onal protective and safety equin order to reduce or eliminately this question and complete	ate their expo	sure to the listed		
[_]	Process type	Rebond Carpet Pa	d Mfg.			
	Work area			4		
			Wear or Use			
		Equipment Types	<u>(Y/N)</u>			
		Respirators	N			
		Safety goggles/glasses	N			
		Face shields	N			
		Coveralls	N			
	:	Bib aprons	N			
		Chemical-resistant gloves	N			
		Other (specify)				
		NA				
-						
			•			

9.15	process respirat tested,	ers use respirator type, the work are tors used, the ave and the type and e it separately fo	reas where terage usage, frequency of	the respirat , whether or of the fit t	ors are us	ed, the type espirators w	of ere fit
CBI							•
[_]	Process	type	Flexible	Slabstock P	olyurethan	e Foam Manufa	acturing
	Work Area	Respirat Type		Average Usage	Fit Tested (Y/N)	Type of Fit Test ²	Frequency of Fit Tests (per year)
	_1	halfmask		<u>B</u>	<u>N</u>	NA	<u>NA</u>
		halfmask		A	<u>N</u>	<u>NA</u>	NA
				Corto Assertar			
					11.7-4		
	E = 0th ² Use the $QL = Qt$	ce a year ner (specify) e following codes nalitative nantitative	to designa	te the type	of fit tes	: t :	
					· .		

15	process ty respirator tested, as	s use respirato ype, the work a rs used, the av nd the type and it separately f	reas where terage usage, frequency o	he respirate whether or fit the fit t	ors are us not the r	ed, the type espirators w	of ere fit
ַ							
J	Process ty	ype	Rebond Ca	arpet Pad M	Manufacturi	ng	
	Work Area	Respira Type		Average Usage	Fit Tested (Y/N)	Type of Fit Test ²	Frequency of Fit Tests (per year)
	NA						
						·	- 1
			<i>b</i> .				
	_	a year (specify) following codes litative	to designate	e the type	of fit tes	t:	
	yr = yuan	ititative					

19 3 <u>I</u>	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, provuestion and complete it s	to the listed su areas vith varnin vide vorker train	bstance (e.g. g signs, inst ing programs,	., restrict en ure worker det , etc.). Phot	ection and cocopy this
_]	Process type Flex	xible Slabstock	Polyurethane	Foam Manufact	turing
	Work area	·	•••••	1 - 4	
	1. All personnel have b	neen given hazar	d communicat:	ion training.	
	2. Placards posted in a				
	3. Access to process an	rea is limited	•		
	4. Supplied air systems	s available	·		
20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces	sted substance.	usekeeping ta Photocopy thi area.	is question an	d complete it
20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type Flex Work area	sted substance. ss type and work ible Slabstock Po	Photocopy this area. olyurethane I	is question an Foam Manufactu 1 - 4 3-4 Times	uring Hore Than 4
20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type Flex Work area	ted substance. ss type and work ible Slabstock Policy Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area. olyurethane I 1-2 Times Per Day	Foam Manufactu 1 - 4 3-4 Times Per Day	Hore Than 4
	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type Flex Work area	sted substance. ss type and work ible Slabstock Po	Photocopy this area. olyurethane I	is question an Foam Manufactu 1 - 4 3-4 Times	uring Hore Than 4
	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type Flex Work area	ted substance. ss type and work ible Slabstock Policy Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area. olyurethane I 1-2 Times Per Day	Foam Manufactu 1 - 4 3-4 Times Per Day	Hore Than 4
	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type Flexi Work area Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping	ted substance. ss type and work ible Slabstock Policy Less Than Once Per Day NA	Photocopy this area. olyurethane I 1-2 Times Per Day NA	Foam Manufactu 1 - 4 3-4 Times Per Day NA	Hore Than 4 Times Per Day
	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process. Process type Flexiver	Less Than Once Per Day NA	Photocopy this area. olyurethane I 1-2 Times Per Day NA NA	Foam Manufactu 1 - 4 3-4 Times Per Day NA	Hore Than 4 Times Per Day
	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process Process type Flext Work area Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Vacuuming Vater flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day NA	Photocopy this area. olyurethane I 1-2 Times Per Day NA NA	Foam Manufactu 1 - 4 3-4 Times Per Day NA	Hore Than 4 Times Per Day

PART	E WORK PRACTICES				
9.19 CBI	Describe all of the work eliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark monitoring practices, proquestion and complete it	e to the listed su areas with warnin wide worker train	bstance (e.g., g signs, insur ing programs,	restrict ent e worker dete etc.). Photo	trance only to ection and ecopy this
[_]		*	·		•
	Process type Rel				
	Work area	••••••		. 1 - 3	
	1. All personnel have l	oeen given hazard	communication	training.	
	2. Placards posted in	all areas, and on	TDI tanks.		•
	3 Access to process a	rea is limited.		•	
	4. Supplied air system	-			. •
	4. Supplied all System				
	Work area	Less Than		3-4 Times .	More Than 4
	Housekeeping Tasks	Once Per Day	Per Day	Per Day	Times Per Day
	Sweeping	NA	NA	AN	NA
	Vacuuming	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Water flushing of floors	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Other (specify)				
	Flushed with water/ amine mixture and absorbed	X	NA	NA	AM
			no <u>routine</u> le ne, and none o year.		
[_1	Mark (X) this box if you	attach a continua	tion sheet.		

9.21	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance?
	Routine exposure NA
	Yes 1
	No 2
	Emergency exposure NA
	Yes 1
	No 2
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
	Routine exposure:
	Emergency exposure:
9.22	Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No 2
·	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?in plant
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No 2
9.23	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
	Plant safety specialist
	Insurance carrier
	OSHA consultant
	Other (specify)
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RQ.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

PART A	GENERAL INFORMATION
10.01	Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
CBI	
[_]	Industrial area 1
	Urban area
	Residential area 3
	Agricultural area
	Rural area
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational area
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway 7
	Within 1 mile of a school, university, hospital, or nursing home facility
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable waterway
	Other (specify)10
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

•	Specify the exact location of your is located) in terms of latitude a (UTM) coordinates.				
4.	Latitude		40 •	42	50
	Longitude		84 •	20	48
	UTM coordinates Zone	, Northi	ng	, Eastin	g
10.03	If you monitor meteorological cond the following information.	litions in the vicini	ty of your	facility	, provide
	Average annual precipitation	·····	NA		inches/year
	Predominant wind direction		NA_		
10.04	Indicate the depth to groundwater Depth to groundwater		NA.		meters
	beptil to groundwater	_			
10.05 CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA) al	l routine ro		
	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen	indicate (Y/N/NA) al. t. (Refer to the ins	l routine ro	for a de	
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA) al. t. (Refer to the ins	l routine restructions	for a de	finition of
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity	indicate (Y/N/NA) al. t. (Refer to the insert to the inser	l routine restructions : ronmental Re	for a de	finition of
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing	indicate (Y/N/NA) all t. (Refer to the ins Envir	l routine restructions : ronmental Re Vater	for a de	finition of Land NA
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing	indicate (Y/N/NA) all t. (Refer to the ins Envir Air NA NA	l routine restructions : ronmental Re Vater NA NA	for a de	finition of Land NA NA
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing	indicate (Y/N/NA) al. t. (Refer to the instance Environment Air NA NA Y	l routine restructions : ronmental Re Vater NA NA	for a de	finition of Land NA NA NA
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used	indicate (Y/N/NA) all t. (Refer to the instance Environment Air NA NA Y NA	l routine restructions : ronmental Re Vater NA NA NA N N N N NA	for a de	Land NA NA NA NA NA
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage	indicate (Y/N/NA) allowed and the instance of	l routine restructions : ronmental Re Vater NA NA NA N N N N N N N	for a de	Land NA NA NA N NA
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage Disposal	indicate (Y/N/NA) allows. (Refer to the instance Air NA NA Y NA Y NA NA Y NA	l routine restructions : ronmental Revater NA NA NA NA NA NA N NA NA NA NA NA NA N	for a de	Land NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage Disposal	indicate (Y/N/NA) allows. (Refer to the instance Air NA NA Y NA Y NA NA Y NA	l routine restructions : ronmental Revater NA NA NA NA NA NA N NA NA NA NA NA NA N	for a de	Land NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA

10.06 CBI	Provide the following information for the lister of precision for each item. (Refer to the instrant example.)	d substance and s ructions for furt	pecify the level her explanation an	d
[_]	Quantity discharged to the air	29.4	<u>kg/yr ± 10</u>	z
	Quantity discharged in wastewaters	NA	kg/yr ±	X
	Quantity managed as other waste in on-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA	kg/yr ±	×
	Quantity managed as other waste in off-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA	kg/yr <u>+</u>	z
			-	
		•		
		·		

and complete it separ			m(s). Pno	tocopy this quest:	
Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foar		ane Foam M	m <u>Manufacturing</u>		
Stream ID Code	Contr	ol Technology		Percent Efficie	
NA		NA		NA NA	
			_		

			•		
			•		
	•				
		• .			

process block or resi	am containing the listed substance as iden dual treatment block flow diagram(s). Pho ately for each process type.	tocopy this ques						
Process type	Rebond Carpet Pad Manufacturing							
Stream ID Code	Control Technology	Percent Effici						
NA	NA	NA						
·								
		-						
,								
		•						
· ·								
		·						
	-							
		1						

10.09 <u>CBI</u> [_]	substance in residual tro source. Do	n terms of a Strea eatment block flow not include raw m g., equipment leak	entify each emission point source containing the listed on ID Code as identified in your process block or diagram(s), and provide a description of each point aterial and product storage vents, or fugitive emissions). Photocopy this question and complete it separately
	Process type	Flexil	ole Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing
	Point Source ID Code	•	Description of Emission Point Source
	711		Bulk tank vent - conservation vent
	7v		Reaction zone vent
	7V(a-b)_	, ·	Conveyor system vent fans
			·
		•	
		•	/
		·	
	·		
			•

10.09 CBI	substance i residual tr source. Do sources (e.	n terms of a Stre eatment block flo not include raw g., equipment lea ocess type.	lentify each emission point source containing the listed eam ID Code as identified in your process block or ow diagram(s), and provide a description of each point material and product storage vents, or fugitive emission is a process. Photocopy this question and complete it separately
	Point Source		ond Carpet Pad Manufacturing
•	ID Code		Description of Emission Point Source
•	7B		Binder Tank vent - vent to building interior
	70		Compression Mold Steam vent
•			
•		•	
-			•
-		•	
•			
-			
_			
	,		
			•

continuation sheet.

Mark (X) this

if

you attach

<u> </u>	Point Source ID Code	Physical State	Average Emissions (kg/day)	Frequency ² (days/yr)	Duration ³ (min/day)	Average Emission Factor	Maximum Emission Rate (kg/min)	Maximum Emission Rate Frequency (events/yr)	Maximum Emission Rate Duration (min/even
Slabstock:	711		Ø		ø	Ø	NA	NA	NA
	<u>7v</u>	<u>V</u>	0.07	263	120	0.00005	0.0005	40	120
	7Y (a-)	b) V	0.14	263	120	0.00005	0.004	40	120
					·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Rebond:	7B	V	negl.	263	800	UK	NA	NA .	NA.
	<u>70</u>	<u></u>	.034	263	1440	0.00005	0.00009	19,500	4

¹Use the following codes to designate physical state at the point of release: G = Gas; V = Vapor; P = Particulate; A = Aerosol; O = Other (specify)

²Frequency of emission at any level of emission

³Duration of emission at any level of emission

 $^{^4}$ Average Emission Factor — Provide estimated (\pm 25 percent) emission factor (kg of emission per kg of production of listed substance)

10.11	Stack Par	ameters	Identify the	e stack para completing	meters for the followi	each Point ng table.	Source ID C	ode
<u>CBI</u>	200111220	.u z quebe.		,				
[_]	Point Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	Stack Inner Diameter (at outlet) (m)	Exhaust Temperature (°C)	Emission Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Building Height(m) ¹	Building Width(m)	Vent Type ³
Slabstock:	711	16.8	.15	ambient	UK	16.8	_100	
	7v	18.6	1.2	_ambient +	10 TUK	16.8	100	
	7 <u>y</u> a	16.8	1.2	_ambient +	10UK	16.8	_100	
	7Yb	16.8	1.2	ambient +	10 UK	16.8	100	
			·					
Rebond:	7B	16.8	1.2	ambient +	10 UK	16.8	100	
	7Q	16.8	0.6	ambient +	10 UK	16.8	100	
	_7A	16.8	1.2	ambient +	10 UK	16.8	_100	
	7D	<u>16.8</u>		<u>ambient +</u>	10 UK	_16.8	_100	
	-				·			

¹Height of attached or adjacent building

H = Horizontal
V = Vertical

²Width of attached or adjacent building

³Use the following codes to designate vent type:

0.12 BI	If the listed substance is emitted in partic distribution for each Point Source ID Code in Photocopy this question and complete it separately.	dentified in question 10.09.
]	- A	
	Point source ID code	NA
	Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% ± % precision)
	< 1	
	≥ 1 to < 10	
	≥ 10 to < 30	
	≥ 30 to < 50	
	≥ 50 to < 100	
	≥ 100 to < 500	
	≥ 500	
		Total = 100%
	•	
	•	
		•

10.13	Equipment Leaks Complete the following table by providing the number of equipment types listed which are exposed to the listed substance and which are in service according to the specified weight percent of the listed substance passing through the component. Do this for each process type identified in your process block or residual treatment block flow diagram(s). Do not include equipment types that are not exposed to the listed substance. If this is a batch or intermittently operated process, give an overall percentage of time per year that the process type is exposed to the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.											
	Process type Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam											
ſ1	Percentage of time per year that the listed substance is exposed to this process											
	type											
		Number	of Compo of Liste	nents in S d Substand	Service by ce in Pro	y Weight I cess Strea	Percent am					
		Less		11-25%			Greater					
	Equipment Type	than 5%	5-10%	11-23%	20-13%	10-33%	Chair 37%					
	Pump seals ¹			·	•							
	Packed					}						
	Mechanical											
	Double mechanical ²						·					
	Compressor seals		-									
	Flanges	·										
	Valves											
	Gas ³											
	Liquid				***************************************							
	Pressure relief devices ⁴ (Gas or vapor only)			•	****		3					
	Sample connections											
	Gas											
	Liquid											
	Open-ended lines ⁵ (e.g., purge, vent)											
	Gas											
	Liquid	-					***					
	¹ List the number of pump ar compressors	nd compressor	seals,	rather th	an the nu	mber of p	umps or					
10.13	continued on next page											

10.13	Equipment Leaks — Comple types listed which are ex according to the specifie the component. Do this foresidual treatment block not exposed to the listed process, give an overall exposed to the listed subfor each process type.	posed to the l d weight perce or each proces flow diagram(s substance. I percentage of	isted suent of the stype is to be not not this is time per	bstance a e listed dentified ot includ s a batch year tha	nd which substance in your e equipme or inter t the pro	are in se passing process b nt types mittently cess type	rvice through lock or that are operated is
[_]	Process type Re	bond Carpet P	ad_Manufa	acturing_			
	Percentage of time per year	ar that the li	sted sub	stance is			70 2
	•			nents in : d Substan			
		Less					Greater
	Equipment Type	than 5%	5-10%	11-25%	26-75%	<u>76–99%</u>	than 99%
	Pump seals ¹						
	Packed					·	2
	Mechanical _.	<u> </u>					
	Double mechanical ²						
	Compressor seals ¹		<u></u>				
	Flanges			Address of the Control of the Contro	·		
	Valves		•				
	Gas ³						
	Liquid						
	Pressure relief devices ⁴ (Gas or vapor only)	 	·	-			_ 2
	Sample connections						
	Gas						
	Liquid						
	Open-ended lines ⁵ (e.g., purge, vent)						
	Gas						
	Liquid	·	-				
	¹ List the number of pump a compressors	and compressor	seals,	rather th	an the nu	mber of p	umps or
10.13	continued on next page						

10.13	(continued)											
	² If double mechanical seal greater than the pump stu will detect failure of th with a "B" and/or an "S",	iffing box pressure a ne seal system, the l	and/or equipped wi	th a sensor (S) that								
	³ Conditions existing in the valve during normal operation											
	⁴ Report all pressure relief devices in service, including those equipped with control devices ⁵ Lines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations											
10.14 CBI	Pressure Relief Devices with Controls — Complete the following table for those pressure relief devices identified in 10.13 to indicate which pressure relief devices in service are controlled. If a pressure relief device is not controlled, enter "None" under column c.											
[_]	a.	b.	c.	d.								
	Number of Pressure Relief Devices	Percent Chemical in Vessel	Control Device	Estimated Control Efficiency ²								
	2 (Mondur HR)	100%	None	NA								
	1 (TD-80)	100%	None	NA.								
		·		<u> </u>								
			-									
	Refer to the table in quest heading entitled "Number of Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-1	of Components in Serv										
	² The EPA assigns a control with rupture discs under refficiency of 98 percent fooditions	efficiency of 100 penormal operating cond	litions. The EPA	assigns a control								
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you at	tach a continuation	sheet.									

BI	type.					
-1	Process type		• • • • • • • • • •			lyurethane Fo Manufacturin
		Leak Detection				
	Equipment Type	Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches from Source	Detection Device		Repairs Initiated (days after detection)	
	Pump seals					
	Packed	N/A			-	
	Mechanical	NA.				
	· Double mechanical	NA				
	Compressor seals	NA				
	Flanges	NA NA		-		
	Valves					
	Gas	NA				
	Liquid	NA		****		
	Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)	NA.				
	Sample connections			***		
	Gas	NA.				•
	Liquid	NA				•
	Open-ended lines					
	Gas	· NA				
	Liquid	NA .				
	¹ Use the following co	odes to designate		vice:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	POVA = Portable orga FPM = Fixed point mo 0 = Other (specify)	nitoring				
						·
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1	continuation sheet.
	sheet.

10.16 CBI	liquid	raw mater	ntermediate a rial, interme ntment block	diate, and p	roduct s	missions – torage ves	- Comple sel conta	te the ining t	followir he liste Operat-	ed substanc	provide as id	ding the indicated in the control of	nformation of in your proc	n each cess block
[_]	Vessel Type	Floating Roof Seals ²	Composition of Stored Materials	Throughput (liters per year)	Vessel Filling Rate (gpm)	Vessel Filling Duration (min)	Vessel Inner Diameter (m)		ing Vessel Volume	Vessel Emission	Design Flow Rate	Vent Diameter (cm)	Control Efficiency (%)	Basis for Estimate
	-7F-		***************************************			368		6	Co 43,769	onservat	ion NA	15.2	100	E
	<u>- F'</u> F	NA NA	100	437,230	<u>30</u> 30	368	3		43,769		NA	15.2	100	- E
		NA NA	90	200,272	30	200	2.5		22 , 445		NA	15.2	100	E
														
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
						·								

¹Use the following codes to designate vessel type:

²Use the following codes to designate floating roof seals:

= Fixed roof

CIF = Contact internal floating roof

NCIF = Noncontact internal floating roof

EFR = External floating roof

= Pressure vessel (indicate pressure rating)

= Horizontal

= Underground

MS1 = Mechanical shoe, primary MS2 = Shoe-mounted secondary

MS2R = Rim-mounted, secondary

= Liquid-mounted resilient filled seal, primary

= Rim-mounted shield

IMW = Weather shield

VM1 = Vapor mounted resilient filled seal, primary

VM2 = Rim-mounted secondary

VMW = Weather shield

³Indicate weight percent of the listed substance. Include the total volatile organic content in parenthesis

⁴Other than floating roofs

⁵Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units)

⁶Use the following codes to designate basis for estimate of control efficiency:

C = Calculations

S = Sampling

10.23	Indicate the date and time when the release occurred and when the releas was stopped. If there were more than six releases, attach a continuatio list all releases. $$\rm NA$$					lease ceased o ation sheet ar
	Release		ite irted	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)
	1	, 	 			
	2					
	3					
	4		····			•
	5				A	
	6					
.0.24	Release	weather cond Wind Speed (km/hr)	Vind Direction	Humidity (%)	release. NA Temperature (°C)	Precipitati (Y/N)
.0.24	Release 1 2	Wind Speed	Wind	Humidity	Temperature	Precipitati (Y/N)
0.24	Release	Wind Speed	Wind	Humidity	Temperature	
0.24	Release	Wind Speed	Wind	Humidity	Temperature	
0.24	Release1234	Wind Speed	Wind	Humidity	Temperature	
0.24	Release	Wind Speed	Wind	Humidity	Temperature	
0.24	Release	Wind Speed	Wind	Humidity	Temperature	
0.24	Release	Wind Speed	Wind	Humidity	Temperature	

APPENDIX	I:	List	οf	Continuation	Sheets
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Attach continuation sheets for sections of this form and optional information after this page. In column 1, clearly identify the continuation sheet by listing the question number to which it relates. In column 2, enter the inclusive page numbers of the continuation sheet for each question number.

Continuation

	Question Number(1)		Sheet Page Numbers (2)
7.01			42a, 42c
7.03		_	44a, 44e
8.01			50a, 50c
9.04			91a, 91c
4.02			Appendix II
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		<u>.</u>	
			
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		_	
and the state of t	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		·	
<u> </u>			
) this box if you attach a continu	ntion sheet	

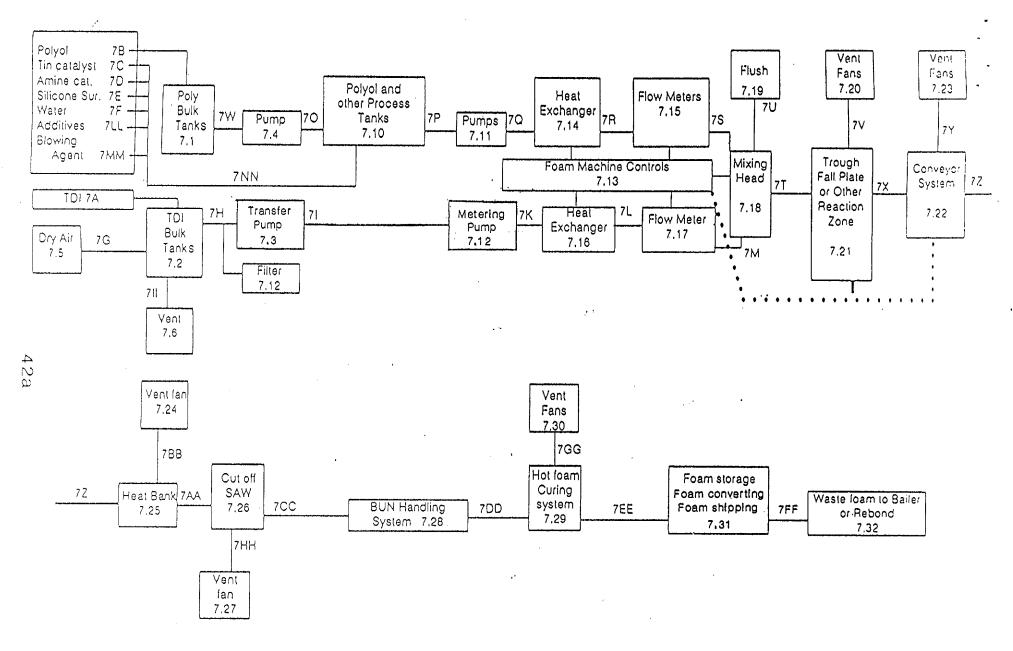
APPENDIX II

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR TDI USED

APPENDIX	I:	List	o£	Continuation	Sheets
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Attach continuation sheets for sections of this form and optional information after this page. In column 1, clearly identify the continuation sheet by listing the question number to which it relates. In column 2, enter the inclusive page numbers of the continuation sheet for each question number.

	Question Number (1)	Continuation Sheet Page Numbers (2)
7.01		42a, 42c
7.03		44a, 44e
8.01		50a, 50c
9.04		91a, 91c
4.02		Appendix II
	,	
-		
. •	-	
,		



FLOW DIAGRAM

Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Process

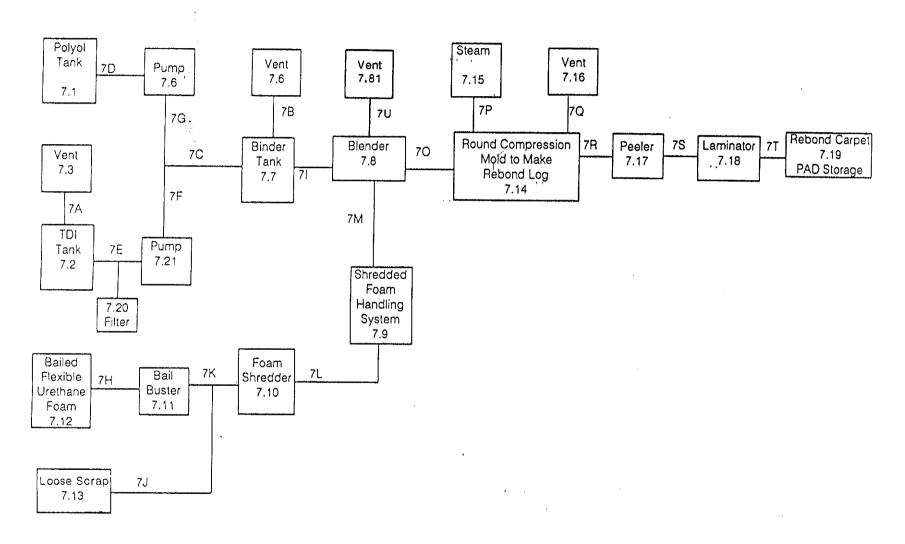


Figure 7.01 Rebond Carpet Pad Process Pad Process

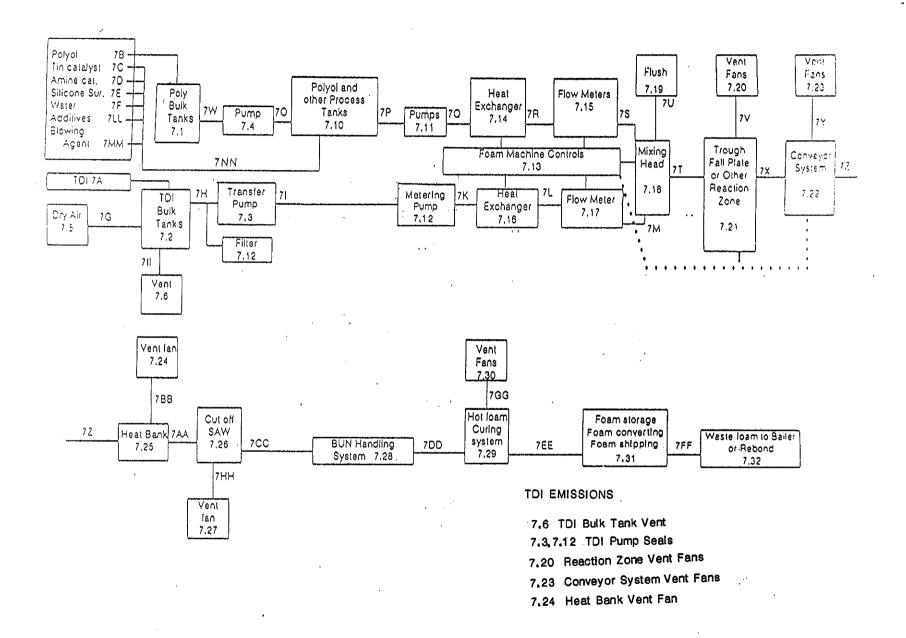


Figure 7.03 Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane foam Process Emission Diagram

Figure 7.03 Rebond Carpet Pad Process Emission Diagram

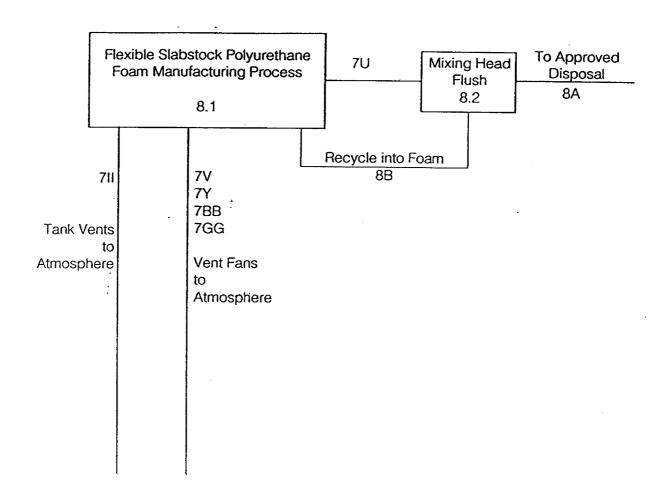


Figure 8.01 Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Process
Residual Flow Diagram

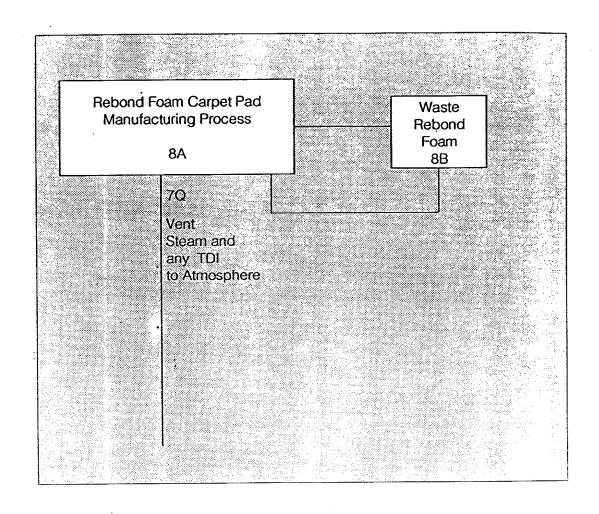


Figure 8.01 Rebond Carpet Pad Process Residual Flow Diagram

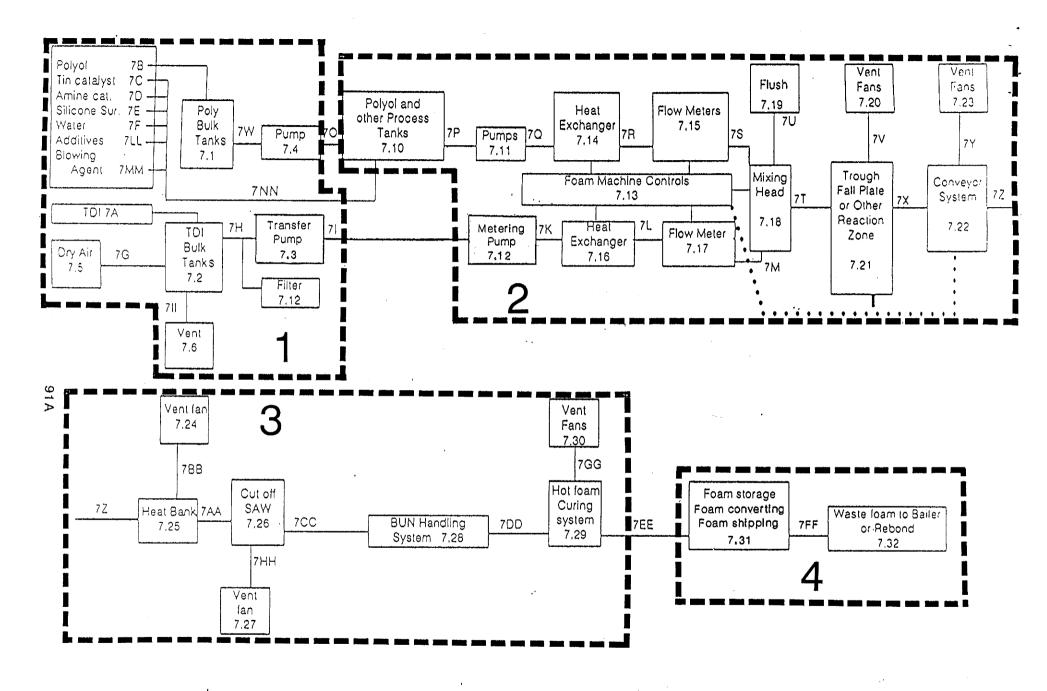


Figure 9.04 Flexible Slabstock Polyurethane Foam Process Work Area Diagram

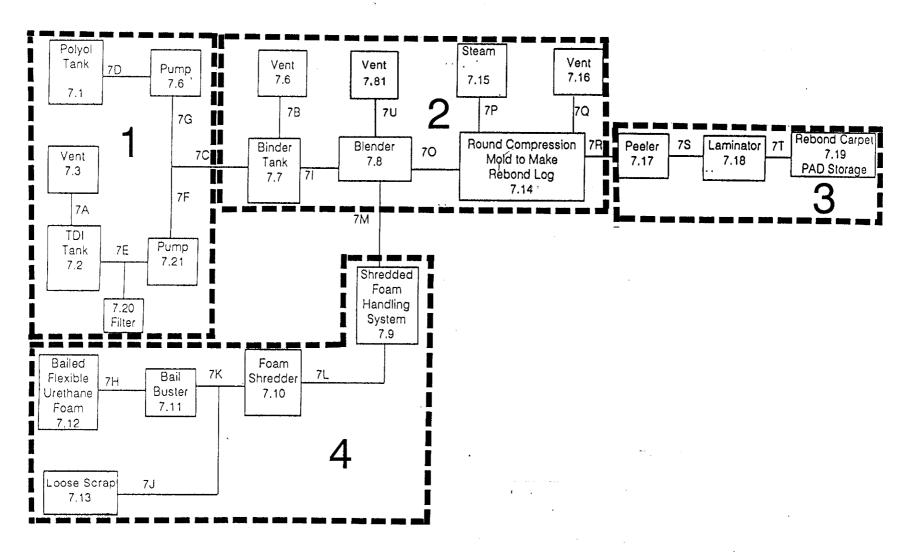


Figure 9.04 Rebond Carpet Pad Process Work Area Diagram

APPENDIX II

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR TDI USED

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mobay Corporation A Bayer USA INC. COMPANY

Baver i

MOBAY CORPORATION Polyurethane Division Mobay Road Pittsburgh, PA 15205-9741

ISSUE DATE SUPERSEDES

3/20/89 1/2/89

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: CALL CHEMTREC

TELEPHONE NO: 800-424-9300; DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: 202-483-7616

DIVISION ADDRESS

MOBAY NON-TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY NO .: (412) 923-1800

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME..... Mondur TD-80 (All Grades)

PRODUCT CODE NUMBER..... E-002

CHEMICAL FAMILY..... Aromatic Isocyanate

CHEMICAL NAME...... Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

SYNONYMS..... Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanato methyl-

CAS NUMBER....: 26471-62-5

T.S.C.A. STATUS...... This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION

STATUS..... This product is hazardous under the criteria of

the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

CHEMICAL FORMULA.... CoH6N2O2

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS:	- 6. 1	%:	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV
2,4-Toluene Diisocyanat (TDI) CAS# 584-84-9	te*	80	0.02 ppm STEL 0.005 ppm 8HR TWA	0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm STEL
2,6-Toluene Diisocyanat (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7	te*	20	Not Established	Not Established

^{*}For Section 302 and 313 SARA information refer to Page 6, Section IX, SARA.

III. PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE....: Liquid COLOR....:

Water white to pale yellow

Sharp, pungent

ODOR THRESHOLD....: Greater than TLV of 0.005 ppm

MOLECULAR WEIGHT....:

MELT POINT/FREEZE POINT...:

BOILING POINT....:

Approx. 55° F (13° C) for TDI Approx. 484° F (251° C) for TDI Approx. 0.025 mmHg @ 77° F (25° C) for TDI VAPOR PRESSURE....:

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)....: 6.0 for TDI

BULK DENSITY....: 10.18 lbs/gal

SOLUBILITY IN WATER....: Not Soluble. Reacts slowly with water at normal

room temperature to liberate CO2 gas.

% VOLATILE BY VOLUME....: Negligible

> Product Code: E-002 Page 1 of 8

IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (such as rubber gloves, boots, bands around legs, arms and waist) should be worn by fire fighters. No skin surface should be exposed. During a fire, TDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See Section VIII). At temperatures greater than 350°F (177°C) TDI forms carbodimides with the release of CO₂ which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Therefore, use cold water to cool fire-exposed containers.

V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF

ENTRY...... Inhalation. Skin contact from liquid, vapors or aerosols.

EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE INHALATION

Acute Exposure. TDI vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack. Exposure well above the TLV may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. Chemical or hypersensitive pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure.

Chronic Exposure. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanate has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent.

Product Code: E-002 Page 2 of 8

V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA (Continued)

SKIN CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening,

swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor.

EYE CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. However, damage is usually reversible. See Section VI for treatment.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.

INGESTION

Acute Exposure. Can result in irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic Exposure. None Found

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE.: Asthma, other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperreactivity), skin allergies, eczema.

CARCINOGENICITY...... No carcinogenic activity was observed in lifetime inhalation studies in rats and mice (International Isocyanate Institute).

IARC...... IARC has announced that it will list TDI as a substance for which there is sufficient evidence for its carcinogenicity in experimental animals but inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of TDI to humans (IARC Monograph 39).

OSHA..... Not listed.

EXPOSURE LIMITS

VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES

> Product Code: E-002 Page 3 of 8

VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURE (Continued)

SKIN CONTACT..... Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Tincture of green soap and water is also effective in removing isocyanates. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposures, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists after the area is washed. INHALATION..... Move to an area free from risk of further. exposure. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain medical attention. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Consult physician. INGESTION..... Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 to 2 cups of milk or water to drink. DO NOT GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Consult physician. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN..... Eyes. Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin: This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. Ingestion. Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound. Respiratory. This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a skin or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from exposure to any isocyanate.

VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS

EYE PROTECTION..... Liquid chemical goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn. If vapor exposure is causing irritation, use a full-face, air-supplied respirator. SKIN PROTECTION...... Chemical resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that PVA degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered only by the cream to a minimum. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION...: An approved positive pressure air-supplied respirator is required whenever TDI concentrations are not known or exceed the Short-Term Exposure or Ceiling Limit of 0.02 ppm or exceed the 8-hour Time Weighted Average TLV of 0.005 ppm. An approved air-supplied respirator with full facepiece must also be worn during spray application, even if exhaust ventilation is used. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved, positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. TDI has poor warning properties since the odor at which TDI can be smelled is substantially higher than 0.02 ppm. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

> Product Code: E-002 Page 4 of 8

VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Continued)

VENTILATION..... Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever TDI is handled, processed, or spray-applied. At normal room temperatures (70°F) TDI levels quickly exceed the TLV unless properly ventilated. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (e.g., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation: The company of the contract of the contr MONITORING..... TDI exposure levels must be monitored by accepted monitoring techniques to ensure that the TLV is not exceeded. (Contact Mobay for guidance). See Volume 1 (Chapter 17) and Volume 3 (Chapter 3) in Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology for sampling strategy. MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE. Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with TDI is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis sother chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skineczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with TDI. - Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to TDI, no further exposure can be as a sensitized to TDI, no further exposure can be as a sensitized to TDI, and further exposure can be a sensitized to TDI. permitted: Safety showers and eyewash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product. Follow all label instructions.

VIII. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY.....: Stable under normal conditions.

POLYMERIZATION....: May occur if in contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates. Self-reaction may occur at temperatures over 350 F (177 C) or at lower temperatures if sufficient time is involved. See Section IV.

INCOMPATIBILITY

(MATERIALS TO AVOID)...: Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum. Reacts with water to form heat, CO₂ and insoluble ureas. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS...... By high heat and fire: carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, traces of HCN, TDI vapors and mist.

IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment, including respiratory equipment during clean-up. (See Section VII).

Major Spill: Call Mobay at 412/923-1800. If transportation spill, call CHEMTREC 800/424-9300. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed, container for disposal.

Product Code: E-002 Page 5 of 8

IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES (Continued) Minor Spill: Absorb isocyanate with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of water (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10 (20%), or; water (90%), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%). Add about 10 parts or neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let CO, escape. Clean-up: Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution fetting stand for at least 15 minutes. CERCLA (SUPERFUND) REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 100 pounds for TDI WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD....: Follow all federal, state or local regulations. TDI must be disposed of in a permitted incinerator or landfill. Incineration is the preferred method for liquids. Solids are usually incinerated or landfilled. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Empty decontaminated containers should be crushed to prevent reuse. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH. (See Sections IV and VIII). Vapors and gases may be highly toxic. RCRA STATUS..... TDI is listed as a hazardous waste (No. U-223) under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 261.33 (f). The residue. from decontaminating a TDI spill is also classified as a hazardous waste under Section 261.3 (c)(2) or RCRA. Track to the second SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT (SARA), TITLE III:
Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances: 2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 584-84-9 = 80%2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7 = 20% Military and

Section 313 - Toxic Chemicals: 2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# .584-84-9 = 80%2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7 = 20%

X. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS & STORAGE DATA

STORAGE TEMPERATURE (MIN./MAX.)....: 70°F (21°C)/90°F (32°C)
AVERAGE SHELF LIFE....: 12 months

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY (HEAT, LIGHT, MOISTURE).: If container is exposed to high heat, 375°F (177°C) it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. TDI reacts slowly with water to form polyureas and liberates CO₂ gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING .: Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Prevent all contact. Do not breathe the vapors. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent chronic overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Exposure to vapors of heated TDI can be extremely dangerous. Employee education and training in safe handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

> Product Code: E-002 Page 6 of 8

XI. SHIPPING DATA

D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME....: Toluene Diisocyanate

TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME...: Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS....: Poison B UN/NA NO....: UN 2078 PRODUCT RQ....: 100 pounds **D.O.T.** LABELS....: Poison D.O.T. PLACARDS....: Poison

FRT. CLASS BULK.... Toluene Diisocyanate

FRT. CLASS PKG....: Chemicals, NOI (Toluene Diisocyanate) NMFC 60000

PRODUCT LABEL.... Mondur TD-80 Product Label

XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA

ACUTE TOXICITY

ORAL, LD50...... Range of 4130-6170 mg/kg (Rats and Mice)

11 ppm (Rabbit), 13 ppm (Guinea Pig).

Severe eye irritant capable of inducing corneal EYE EFFECTS....:

opacity.

SKIN EFFECTS..... Moderate skin irritant. Primary dermal irritation score: 4.12/8:0 (Draize). However, repeated or prolonged contact may culminate in severe skin irritation and/or corrosion. SENSITIZATION...... Skin sensitizer in quinea pigs. One study using guinea pigs reported that repeated skin contact with TDI caused respiratory sensitization. Although poorly defined in experimental animal models, TDI is known to be a pulmonary sensitizer in humans. In addition. there is some evidence that 'cross-sensitization between different types of diisocyanates may occur.

SUB-CHRONIC/CHRONIC TOXICITY: Sub-chronic and chronic animal studies show that the primary effects of inhaling vapors and/or aerosols of TDI are restricted to the pulmonary systems. Emphysema, pulmonary edema, pneumonitis and rhinitis are common pathologic effects. Extended exposures to as low as

0.1 ppm TDI have induces pulmonary inflammation.

OTHER

CARCINOGENICITY...... The NTP conducted carcinogenesis studies of a commercial grade TDI using rats and mice in which the test material was diluted in corn oil and administered by gavage. The investigators concluded that TDI was carcinogenic in male and female rats (fibrosarcomas, pancreatic adenomas, neoplastic liver nodules and mammary gland fibrosarcomas) and female mice (hemangiosarcomas and hepatocellular adenomas). However, chronic inhalation studies in which rats and mice were exposed to 0.05 and 0.15 ppm TDI (10-30 times recommended TLV, 8-hr level) induced no treatment-related tumorigenic effects. In these studies, both exposure levels produced extensive irritation to the nasal passages and upper respiratory system of the test animals indicating that suitable effective exposures were administered.

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XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA (Continued)

MUTAGENICITY...... TDI is positive in the Ames assay with activation. However, mammalian cell transformation assays using human lung cells and Syrian hamster kidney cells were negative, as were micronucleus tests using rats and mice. TERATOGENICITY...... Rats were exposed to an 80:20 mixture of 2,4and 2,6- toluene diisocyanate vapor at analytical concentrations of 0.021, 0.12 and 0.48 ppm. Minimal fetotoxicity was observed at a maternally toxic concentrations of 0.48 ppm. The NOEL for maternal and developmental toxicity was 0.12 ppm. No embryotoxicity or teratogenicity was observed. AQUATIC TOXICITY.....: LC₅₀ - 96 hr (static): 165 mg/liter (Fathead minnow) LC₅₀ - 96 hr (static): Greater than 508 mg/liter (Grass shrimp) LC₅₀ - 24 hr (static): Greater than 500 mg/liter (Daphnia magna) XIII. APPROVALS

REASON FOR ISSUE....:

Revising TLV in Sections II and V PREPARED BY....: G. L. Copeland APPROVED BY..... J. H. Chapman TITLE..... Manager, Product Safety - Polyurethane & Coatings

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mobay Corporation DIVISION ADDRESS

MOBAY CORPORATION Polvurethane Division Mobay Road Pittsburgh, PA 15205-9741

ISSUE DATE SUPERSEDES 1/12/87 12/26/85

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: CALL CHEMTREC TELEPHONE NO: 800-424-9300; DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: 202-483-7616 MOBAY NON-TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY NO.: (412) 923-1800

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Mondur HR PRODUCT NAME....: E-480 PRODUCT CODE NUMBER....:

Aromatic Isocyanate CHEMICAL FAMILY....:

Modified Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) Prepolymer CHEMICAL NAME.....

Modified Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) SYNONYMS....:

9072-91-7 CAS NUMBER....: On Inventory T.S.C.A. STATUS.... Not Applicable CHEMICAL FORMULA....:

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION

This product is hazardous under the criteria of STATUS....:

the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS II.

ACGIH-TLV OSHA-PEL Z: COMPONENTS:

Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

85-95

0.02 ppm-Ceiling

0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm STEL

(CAS# 26471-62-5)

PHYSICAL DATA III.

APPEARANCE..... Liquid

Water white to very pale yellow COLOR....:

Sharp, pungent ODOR....:

Greater than TLV of 0.005 ppm ODOR THRESHOLD....:

MOLECULAR WEIGHT....:

Approx. 55°F (13°C) for TDI MELT POINT/FREEZE POINT ... Approx. 484°F (251°C) for TDI BOILING POINT

Approx. 0.025 mmHg @ 25°C (77°F) for TDI VAPOR PRESSURE.....

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)....:

Not Applicable рН....: 1:24 @ 25°C SPECIFIC GRAVITY..... 10.35 lbs/gal BULK DENSITY....:

TDI reacts slowly with water at normal room SOLUBILITY IN WATER....:

temperature to liberate CO, gas

Negligible Z VOLATILE BY VOLUME....:

FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

265°F (129°C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup FLASH POINT °F(°C).....:

FLAMMABLE LIMITS -

0.9% for TDI Lel....: 9.5% for TDI Uel....:

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IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA - Continued

Dry chemical (e.g. monaommonium phosphate, EXTINGUISHING MEDIA....: potassium sulfate, and potassium chloride), carbon dioxide, high expansion (proteinic) chemical foam, water spray for large fires. Caution: Reaction between water or foam and hot TDI can be vigorous. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES/UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (such as rubber gloves, boots, bands around legs, arms and waist) should be worn by fire fighters. No skin surface should be exposed. During a fire, TDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See Section VIII). temperatures greater than 350°F (177°C) TDI forms carbodiimides with the release of CO2 which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Therefore, use cold water to cool fire-exposed containers.

HUMAN HEALTH DATA

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF

Inhalation. Skin Contact from liquid, vapors or KXPOSURE....: aerosols.

EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE TNHALATION

Acute Exposure. TDI vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperractivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack. Exposure well above the TLV may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. Chemical or hypersensitive pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure.

Chronic Exposure. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanate has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent.

SKIN CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove.

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V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA - Continued

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor.

EYE CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. However, damage is usually reversible. See Section VI for treatment.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.

INCESTION

Acute Exposure. Can result in irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Chronic Exposure. None found.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE..: Asthma, other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperractivity), skin allergies, eczema.

CARCINOGENICITY........... No carcinogenic activity was observed in lifetime inhalation studies in rats and mice (International Isocyanate Institute).

NTP.....: The National Toxicology Program reported that TDI caused an increase in the number of tumors in exposed rats over those counted in non-exposed rats. The TDI was administered in corn-oil and introduced into the stomach through a tube. Based on this study, the NTP has listed TDI as a substance that may reasonably be anticipated to be a carcinogen in its Fourth Annual Report on Carcinogens.

IARC...... IARC has announced that it will list TDI as a substance for which there is sufficient evidence for its carcinogenicity in experimental animals but inadequate evidence for the carcinogencity of TDI to humans (IARC Monograph 39).

OSHA..... Not listed.

EXPOLURE LIMITS

OSHA PEL...... 0.02 ppm Ceiling
ACGIH TLV...... 0.005 ppm TWA/0.02 ppm STEL

VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT......: Flush with clean, lukewarm water (low pressure) for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open all the time, and obtain medical attention. Refer individual to an ophthalmologist for immediate follow-up. SKIN CONTACT............ Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap or tincture of green soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, get medical attention, and consult physician.

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VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES - Continued

INHALATION....: Move to an area free from risk of further exposure. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain medical attention. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Consult physician.

INCESTION.....: Do not induce vomiting. Give 250 ml of milk or water to drink. DO NOT GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

Consult physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN....: Eyes. Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently.

Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin. Treat as contact dermatitis. If burned, treat as thermal burn. Respiratory. Treatment is essentially symptomatic.

VII. EMPLOYER PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS

EYE PROTECTION..... Liquid chemical goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn. If vapor exposure is causing irritation, use a full-face, air-supplied respirator. SKIN PROTECTION...... Chemical resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that PVA degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered only by the cream to a minimum. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION...: An approved positive pressure air-supplied respirator is required whenever TDI concentrations are not known or exceed the Short-Term Exposure or Ceiling Limit of 0.02 ppm or exceed the 8-hour Time Weighted Average TLV of 0.005 ppm. An approved air-supplied respirator with full facepiece must also be worn during spray application, even if exhaust ventilation is used. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved, positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. TDI has poor warning properties since the odor at which TDI can be smelled is substantially higher than 0.02 ppm. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134). VENTILATION..... Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever TDI is handled, processed, or spray-applied. At normal room temperatures (70°F) TDI levels quickly exceed the TLV unless properly ventilated. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (e.g., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. MONITORING..... TDI exposure levels must be monitored by accepted monitoring techniques to ensure that the TLV is not exceeded. (Contact Mobay for guidance). See Volume 1 (Chapter 17) and Volume 3 (Chapter 3) in Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology for sampling strategy. MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE.....: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with TDI is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with TDI. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to TDI, no further exposure can be \cdot permitted.

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VII. EMPLOYER PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS - Continued

OTHER..... Safety showers and eyewash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product. Follow all label instructions.

VIII. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY..... Stable under normal conditions. POLYMERIZATION..... May occur if in contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates. Self-reaction may occur at temperatures over 350°F (177°C) or at lower temperatures if sufficient time is involved. See Section IV.

INCOMPATIBILITY

(MATERIALS TO AVOID)....: Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum. Reacts with water to form heat, CO, and insoluble ureas.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS..... By high heat and fire: carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, traces of HCN, TDI vapors and mist.

IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment, including respiratory equipment during clean-up. (See Section VII).

Major Spill: Call Mobay at 412/923-1800. If transportation spill, call CHEMTREC 800/424-9300. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed,

container for disposal. Minor Spill: Absorb isocyanate with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of viter (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10 (20%), or; water (90%), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%). Add about 10 parts or neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let CO, escape. Clean-up: Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution fetting stand for

at least 15 minutes. CERCLA (SUPERFUND) REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 100 pounds

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD....: Follow all federal, state or local regulations. TDI must be disposed of in a permitted incinerator or landfill. Incineration is the preferred method for liquids. Solids are usually incinerated or landfilled. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Empty decontaminated containers should be crushed to prevent reuse. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH. (See Sections IV and VIII). Vapors and gases may be highly toxic.

RCRA STATUS...... TDI is listed as a hazardous waste (No. U-233) under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 261.33 (f). The residue from decontaminating a TDI spill is also classified as a hazardous waste under Section 261.3 (c)(2) or RCRA.

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X. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS & STORAGE DATA

STORAGE TEMPERATURE

(MIN./MAX.)..... 55°F (13°C)/90°F (32°C)

AVERAGE SHELF LIFE..... 3 months

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY

(HEAT, LIGHT, MOISTURE) .: If container is errosed to high heat, 375°F (177°C) it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. TDI reacts slowly with water to form polyureas and liberates CO, gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN

IN HANDLING AND STORING .: Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Prevent all contact. Do not breathe the vapors. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent chronic overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Exposure to vapors of heated TDI can be extremely dangerous. Employee education and training in safe handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

XI. SHIPPING DATA

Poisonous Liquid NOS D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME....: Modified Toluene Diisocyanate TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME...: D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS....: Poison B UN/NA NO....: UN 2810 105 pounds

PRODUCT RQ....: Poison D.O.T. LABELS..... Poison D.O.T. PLACARDS.....

Toluene Diisocyanate FRT. CLASS BULK....

Chemicals NOI (Toluene Diisocyanate) NMFC 60000 FRT. CLASS PKG.....

Mondur HR Product Label PRODUCT LABEL....

ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA XII.

ACUTE....: 5800 mg/kg (Rats) ORAL, LD50.....

Greater than 10 g/kg (Rabbits) DERMAL, LD50.....

Range 12.7 to 66 ppm for 1-4 hour (Rat) INHALATION, LC50.....

Strongly irritating (Rabbits) OECD Guidelines EYE EFFECTS.....

Corrosive to the skin (Rabbits) OECD Guidelines SKIN EFFECTS.....

Skin sensitizer in guinea pigs. One study SENSITIZATION....:

(available upon request) with guinea pigs reported that repeated skin contact

with TDI caused respiratory sensitization. SUB-ACUTE/SUB-CHRONIC....: Animal tests indicated that TDI inhalation caused

irritation of the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract.

CHRONIC...... Rats and mice exposed to 0.05 to 0.15 ppm for two years resulted in irritation of the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract. (International Isocyanate Institute). In lifetime inhalation studies conducted by Hazelton Labs for the International Isocyanate Institute, TDI did not demonstrate carcinogenic (cancer causing) activity in rats or mice.

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XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA - Continued

MUTAGRNIC TESTS.....: Results of mutagenic (genotoxic) studies are conflicting with some tests positive and others negative.

REPRODUCTIVE TESTS.....: The International Isocyanate Institute is presently conducting reproductive toxicity testing on TDI.

AQUATIC TOXICITY.....: LC₅₀ (24 hour) for TD-80 is greater than 500 mg/l (Daphnea, Limnea Invertebrates and Zebra Fig.).

XIII. APPROVALS

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